# SERVICE UNIT

Litho U.S.A

#### **GCS9 SERIES UNITS**

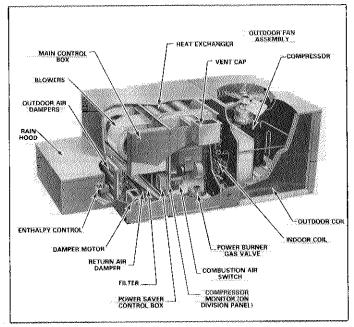
#### I - INTRODUCTION

GCS9 units were introducted in 1979. They are designed for rooftop installation with optional roof mounting frame and power saver. PG9-120 and PG9-150 power burners are used. Unit options are listed in Table 1. Figure 1 shows a GCS9 cutaway.

If a hard start kit is necessary on single phase units, refer to the "Cross Reference Section" of the Lennox Repair Parts Handbook.

| IADLE I | TΑ | Bl | .E | 1 |
|---------|----|----|----|---|
|---------|----|----|----|---|

| Description  | Model No.         |
|--|-------------------|
| Optional Roof Mounting Frame                           | RMFG9-65          |
| Optional Power Saver & Controls                        | PSDG9-65          |
| Optional Ceiling Supply &<br>Return Transitions        | SRTG9-65          |
| Optional Ceiling Supply &<br>Return Step-Down Diffuser | RTD9-65           |
| Optional Ceiling Supply &<br>Return Flush Diffuser     | FD9-65            |
| Optional Minimum Fresh Air Dampers                     | OADG9-65 —        |
| (Manual) and no. & size of filters (in.)               | (1 — 26 x 31 x 1) |
| Optional Automatic Fresh Air Damper Kit                | 41C55             |
| Optional Ceiling Supply &<br>Return Plenum             | SRPG9-65          |



**FIGURE 1** 

#### **II - UNIT INFORMATION**

#### A - Specifications

| Model No.  |  | GCS9-411-90<br>GCS9-413-90   | GCS9-411-120<br>GCS9-413-120                            | GCS9-461-90<br>GCS9-463-90   | GCS9-461-120<br>GCS9-463-120 |  |
|--|--|--|---|--|------------------------------|--|
| Heating capacity   | input (Btuh)                                 | 90,000   | 120,000   | 90,000   | 120,000                      |  |
| <b>†Heating</b> capacit  | y bonnet output (Btuh)                       | 69,600   | 93,000  | 69,600   | 93,000                       |  |
| ★ARI Standard 2  |  |  | 0   |  | 20                           |  |
| *ARI   | Total cooling capacity (Btuh)                | and the second   | 000   | **************************************   | 000                          |  |
| Standard   | Total unit watts                             |  | 00  | CONTRACTOR OF CONT | 200                          |  |
| 210  | ttSEER (Btuh/Watts)                          | Management of the second secon | .3  | Construction of the second s  | .8                           |  |
| Ratings  | Dehumidifying capacity                       | AND A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT O | 1%  | and the second se  | 4%                           |  |
| Refrigerant (R-22)   |  |  | bs  |  | . 2 oz.                      |  |
| Evaporator   | Blower wheel nominal diam. x width (in.)     |  | 9 x 7   | (2) 9 x 7  |                              |  |
| Blower   | Motor horsepower                             | and the second  | 1/2   |  | 1/2                          |  |
| Evaporator   | Net face area (sq. ft.)                      |  | 4.69  |  | <u>5,21</u><br>1/2 — 3       |  |
| Coil   | Tube diam. (in.) 8 No. of rows               | 1/2 — 3  |   |  |                              |  |
| CON  | Fins per inch                                | and the second se  | 13  |  | 13                           |  |
| <u> </u>   | Net face area (sq. ft.)                      | ······································   | 15.0  |  | 15.0                         |  |
| Condenser  | Tube diam. (in.) & No. of rows               | 3/8  | 3/8 — 1   |  | 3/8 — 2                      |  |
| Coil   | Fins per inch                                |  | <u>3/8 — 1</u><br>20                                    |  | 20                           |  |
|  | Diameter (in.) & No. of blades               | 24   | <u> </u>  | 24 4   |                              |  |
| Condenser  | Air volume (cfm) (factory setting)           | 4  | DÕ0   | 4  | 000                          |  |
| Fan  | Motor horsepower                             |  | /4  |  | /4                           |  |
|  | Motor watts (factory setting)                | 3  | 50  | 3  | 75                           |  |
| Number & size o  | z/wds/wiiiiiii/www.www.iii/wiiiii/wiii/wiii/ | (2) 20   | (2) $20 \times 20 \times 1$ (2) $20 \times 20 \times 1$ |  | x 20 x 1                     |  |
| Construction of the second | ping connection mpt (in.) Natural            |  | 1/2   | •  | 1/2                          |  |
|  | gas supply pressure (wc - in.) Natural       |  | 6   |  | 6                            |  |
| Condensate drai  |  |  | 3/4   | 3/4  |                              |  |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | asic unit (lbs.) — 1 Package                 | and the second s | '35   | 7  | 75                           |  |

† As defined by Department of Energy Thermal Efficiency Test.

\*Rated in accordance with ARI Standard 270.

\*Rated in accordance with ARI Standard 210; 450 cfm (maximum) evaporator air volume per ton of cooling capacity, 95F outdoor air temperature and 80F db/67F wb entering evaporator air.

|  | Model No.                                |          | GCS9-511-150<br>GCS9-513-150 | GCS9-651-120<br>GCS9-653-120 | GCS9-651-150<br>GCS9-653-150 |  |
|--|--|----------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Heating capacity                               | / input (Btuh)                           | 120.000  | 150.000                      | 120.000                      | 150,000                      |  |
| tHeating capacit                               | ty bonnet output (Btuh)                  | 93,000   | 119,000                      | 93,000                       | 119,000                      |  |
| ★ ARI Standard                                 |  | 2        | 1                            | ****                         | 0                            |  |
| *ARI   | Total cooling capacity (Btuh)            | 47,      | 000                          | 56,                          | 000                          |  |
| Standard                                       | Total unit watts                         | 58       | 00                           |                              | 00                           |  |
| 210  | 11SEER (Btuh/Watts)                      | 8        | .3                           | 8                            | .2                           |  |
| Ratings  | Dehumidifying capacity                   | 26       | i%                           | 23                           | %                            |  |
| Refrigerant (R-22                              |  | 10       | lbs.                         | 14                           | lbs.                         |  |
| Evaporator                                     | Blower wheel nominal diam, x width (in.) | (2) 1    | 0 x 6                        | (2) 10 x 6                   |                              |  |
| Blower   | Motor horsepower                         | 3        | 4                            | 3/4                          |                              |  |
| Evaporator                                     | Net face area (sq. ft.)                  | 5.       | 5.73                         |                              | 6.51                         |  |
| Coil   | Tube diam. (in.) & No. of rows           | 1/2 -    | 1/2 — 3                      |                              | 3                            |  |
| 000  | Fins per inch                            | 1        | 13                           |                              | 13                           |  |
| Condenser                                      | Net face area (sq. ft.)                  | 15       | 15.0                         |                              | 15.0                         |  |
| Coil   | Tube diam. (in.) & No. of rows           | 3/8 -    | 15.0<br>3/8 — 2              |                              | 3/8 3                        |  |
|  | Fins per inch                            | 2        | 20                           |                              | 20                           |  |
|  | Diameter (in.) & No. of blades           | 24 -     | - 4                          | 24 4                         |                              |  |
| Condenser                                      | Air volume (cfm) (factory setting)       | 40       | 00                           | 4000                         |                              |  |
| Fan  | Motor horsepower                         | 1/       | 4                            | 1,                           | 4                            |  |
| 2611051210401202030400000000000000000000000000 | Motor watts (factory setting)            | 37       | 75                           | 37                           | '5                           |  |
| Number & size o                                | of filters (in.)                         | (2) 20 x | (2) 20 x 20 x 1              |                              | (2) 20 x 20 x 1              |  |
|  | ection mpt (in.) Natural                 | 1/       | 2                            | 1/2                          |                              |  |
|  | as supply pressure (wc - in.) Natural    | 6        | ì                            | 6                            |                              |  |
| Condensate drai                                |  | 3/       | 4                            | 3/                           | 4                            |  |
| Net weight of ba                               | sic unit (Ibs.) — 1 Package              | 78       | 5                            | 83                           | 5                            |  |

 As defined by Department of Energy Thermal Efficiency Test.
\*Rated in accordance with ARI Standard 270.
\*Rated in accordance with ARI Standard 210; 450 cfm (maximum) evaporator air volume per ton of cooling capacity, 95F outdoor air temperature and 80F db/67F wb entering evaporator air.

#### **B** - Electrical Data

| Model No.                  |                      | GCS9-411  | GCS9-413 | GCS9-461  | GCS9-463 |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| ine voltage data           |                      | †208-230V | 208-230V | †208-230V | 208-230V |
|                            |                      | 60hz/1ph  | 60hz/3ph | 60hz/1ph  | 60hz/3ph |
|                            | Rated load amps      | 16.8      | 10.8     | 20.2      | 12.8     |
| Compressor                 | Locked rotor amps    | 75.8      | 65.0     | 93.0      | 74.0     |
| Power factor               | Power factor         | .96       | .88      | .93       | .88      |
| Condenser                  | Full load amps       | 1.9       | 1.9      | 1.9       | 1.9      |
| Fan Motor                  | Locked rotor amps    | 3.3       | 3.3      | 3.3       | 3.3      |
| Evaporator<br>Blower Motor | Full load amps       | 4.0       | 4.0      | 4.0       | 4.0      |
| (230 volt)                 | Locked rotor amps    | 7.8       | 7.8      | 7.8       | 7.8      |
| lecommended maxin          | num fuse size (amps) | 40.0      | 30.0     | 50.0      | 30.0     |
| Minimum Circuit Am         | pacity               | 26.9      | 19.4     | 31.2      | 21.9     |

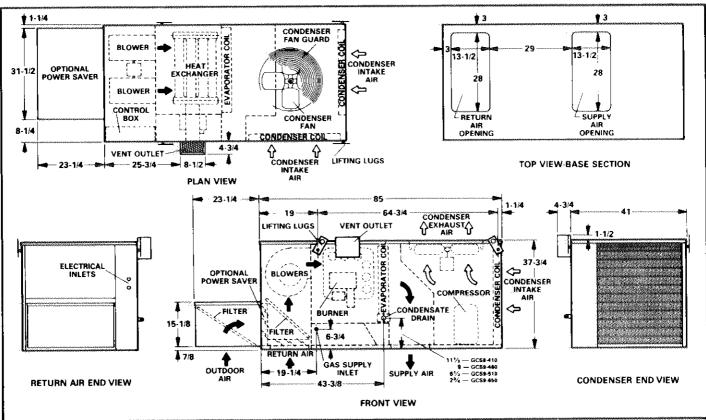
| Model No.                  |                        | GCS9-511  | GCS      | 9-513    | GCS9-651  | GCS      | 9-653    |
|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Line voltage data          |                        | †208-230V | 208-230V | 460V     | †208-230V | 208-230V | 460V     |
|                            |                        | 60hz/1ph  | 60hz/3ph | 60hz/3ph | 60hz/1ph  | 60hz/3ph | 60hz/3ph |
|                            | Rated load amps        | 24.3      | 15.1     | 7.4      | 27.5      | 16.4     | 8.2      |
| Compressor                 | Locked rotor amps      | 95.4      | 78.2     | 38.7     | 145.0     | 120.0    | 60.0     |
| ****                       | Power factor           | .94       | .88      | .88      | .93       | .88      | .88      |
| Condenser                  | Full load amps         | 1.9       | 1.9      | 1.9      | 1.9       | 1.9      | 1.9      |
| Fan Motor                  | Locked rotor amps      | 3.3       | 3.3      | 3.3      | 3.3       | 3.3      | 3.3      |
| 2 KVA Transformer          | (FLA)                  |           |          | 4.35     |           |          | 4.35     |
| Evaporator<br>Blower Motor | Full load amps         | 6.0       | 6.0      | 6.0      | 6.0       | 6.0      | 6.0      |
| (230 volt)                 | Locked rotor amps      | 12.8      | 12.8     | 12.8     | 12.8      | 12.8     | 12.8     |
| Recommended may            | kimum fuse size (amps) | 60.0      | 40.0     | 20.0     | 60.0      | 40.0     | 25.0     |
| *Minimum Circuit A         | Ampacity               | 38.3      | 26.8     | 17.2     | 42.3      | 28.4     | 18.2     |

\*Refer to National Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements. †Plus 10% and minus 5% of line voltage.

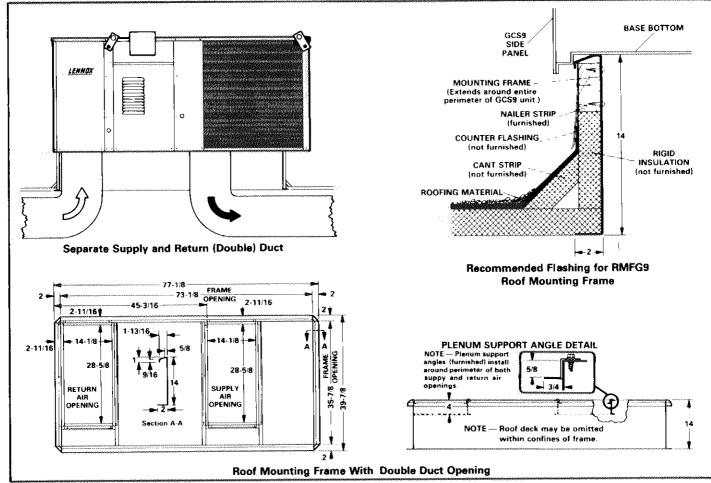
NOTE - Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

### GCS9

#### **C** - Dimensions

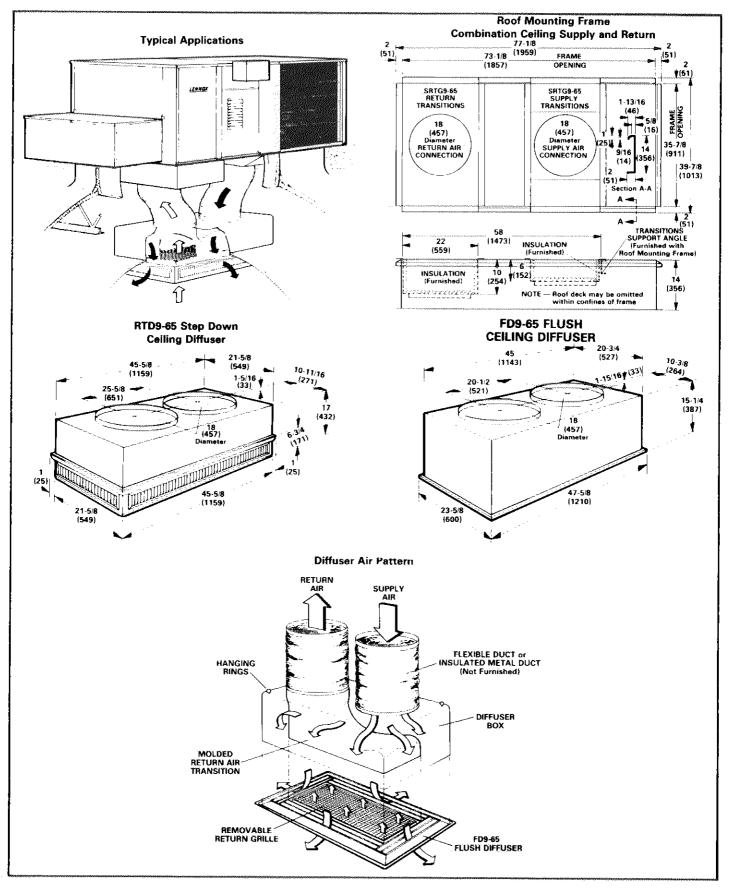


#### **D** - RMFG9 Roof Mounting Frame



#### E - RMFG9 With Combination Supply and Return Combination ceiling and return applications require the in

Combination ceiling and return applications require the installation of the SRTG9 transitions to the RMFG9 roof mounting frame. The SRTG9 actually consists of both a return transition and a supply transition. Use round duct to connect the transitions to the diffuser.



#### F - Blower Data GCS9-411-413 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

| External Static      | Air Volume (cfm) @Various Speeds |               |       |  |  |  |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Pressure<br>(in. wg) | High                             | Medium        | Low   |  |  |  |
| 0                    | 1960                             | 1725          | 1610  |  |  |  |
| .05                  | 1910                             | 1700          | 1585  |  |  |  |
| .10                  | 1865                             | 1660          | 1550  |  |  |  |
| .15                  | 1815                             | 1620          | 1515  |  |  |  |
| .20                  | 1760                             | 1575          | 1475  |  |  |  |
| .25                  | 1710                             | 1535          | 1440  |  |  |  |
| .30                  | 1660                             | 1485          | 1395  |  |  |  |
| .40                  | 1545                             | 1390          | 1300  |  |  |  |
| .50                  | 1425                             | 1285          | 1200  |  |  |  |
| WITH PS              | DG9-65 AND                       | DUCT DISTRIBL | JTION |  |  |  |
| 0                    | 1860                             | 1640          | 1530  |  |  |  |
| .05                  | 1815                             | 1 <b>61</b> 5 | 1505  |  |  |  |
| .10                  | 1770                             | 1575          | 1470  |  |  |  |
| .15                  | 1725                             | 1540          | 1440  |  |  |  |
| .20                  | 1670                             | 1495          | 1400  |  |  |  |
| .25                  | 1625                             | 1460          | 1370  |  |  |  |
| .30                  | 1575                             | 1410          | 1325  |  |  |  |
| .40                  | 1470                             | 1320          | 1235  |  |  |  |
| .50                  | 1355                             | 1220          | 1140  |  |  |  |

#### GCS9-461-463 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

| GC39-401-403 BLOWEN FERI ONWARVE |            |                  |             |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| External Static                  | Air Volun  | ne (cfm) @Variou | ious Speeds |  |  |  |
| Pressure<br>(in. wg)             | High       | Medium           | Low         |  |  |  |
| 0                                | 2050       | 1770             | 1600        |  |  |  |
| .05                              | 2005       | 1745             | 1575        |  |  |  |
| .10                              | 1960       | 1710             | 1555        |  |  |  |
| .15                              | 1900       | 1670             | 1530        |  |  |  |
| .20                              | 1845       | 1630             | 1505        |  |  |  |
| .25                              | 1790       | 1585             | 1475        |  |  |  |
| .30                              | 1735       | 1545             | 1440        |  |  |  |
| .40                              | 1620       | 1450             | 1360        |  |  |  |
| .50                              | 1500       | 1335             | 1230        |  |  |  |
| WITH PS                          | DG9-65 AND | DUCT DISTRIBU    | JTION       |  |  |  |
| 0                                | 1950       | 1680             | 1520        |  |  |  |
| .05                              | 1905       | 1660             | 1495        |  |  |  |
| .10                              | 1860       | 1625             | 1475        |  |  |  |
| .15                              | 1805       | 1585             | 1455        |  |  |  |
| .20                              | 1755       | 1550             | 1430        |  |  |  |
| .25                              | 1700       | 1505             | 1400        |  |  |  |
| .30                              | 1650       | 1470             | 1370        |  |  |  |
| .40                              | 1540       | 1380             | 1290        |  |  |  |
| .50                              | 1425       | 1270             | 1170        |  |  |  |

NOTE — All Cfm is measured external to the unit with the air filter in place.

NOTE --- All Cfm is measured external to the unit with the air filter in place.

#### GCS9-651-653 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

| External Static      | Air Volur  | ne (cfm) @Variou | is Speeds |
|----------------------|------------|------------------|-----------|
| Pressure<br>(in. wg) | High       | Medium           | Low       |
| 0                    | 2450       | 1930             | 1590      |
| .05                  | 2410       | 1910             | 1585      |
| .10                  | 2370       | 1890             | 1580      |
| .15                  | 2330       | 1870             | 1575      |
| .20                  | 2280       | 1850             | 1565      |
| .25                  | 2240       | 1820             | 1545      |
| .30                  | 2190       | 1790             | 1520      |
| .40                  | 2100       | 1720             | 1430      |
| .50                  | 2000       | 1640             | 1320      |
| WITH PS              | DG9-65 AND | DUCT DISTRIBL    | JTION     |
| 0                    | 2350       | 1830             | 1510      |
| .05                  | 2310       | 1810             | 1505      |
| .10                  | 2270       | 1800             | 1500      |
| .15                  | 2240       | 1780             | 1495      |
| .20                  | 2190       | 1760             | 1490      |
| .25                  | 2150       | 1730             | 1470      |
| .30                  | 2100       | 1700             | 1440      |
| .40                  | 2020       | 1630             | 1360      |
| .50                  | 1920       | 1550             | 1250      |

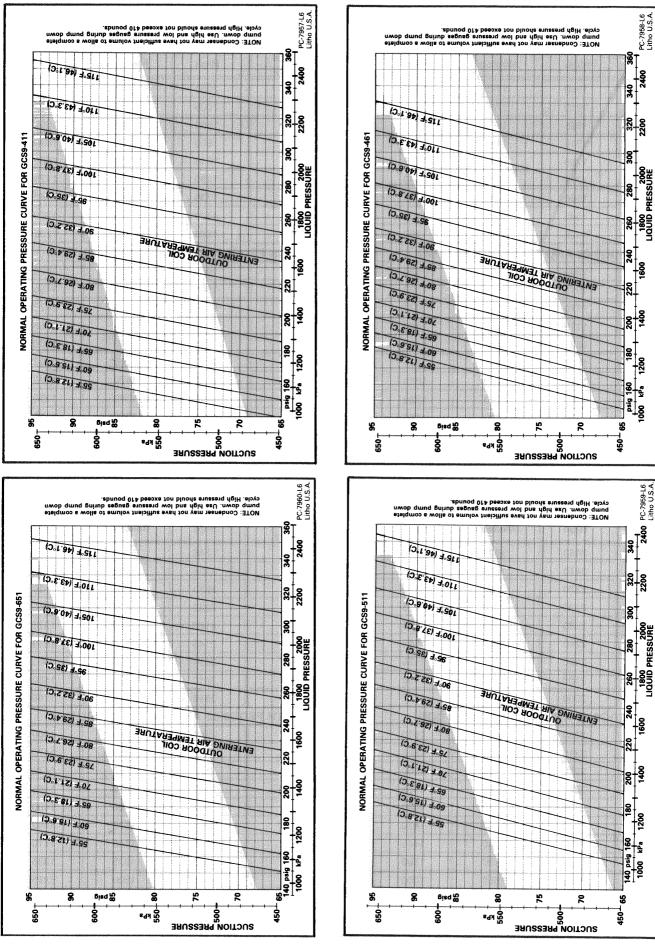
NOTE — All Cfm is measured external to the unit with the air filter in place.

#### GCS9-511-513 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

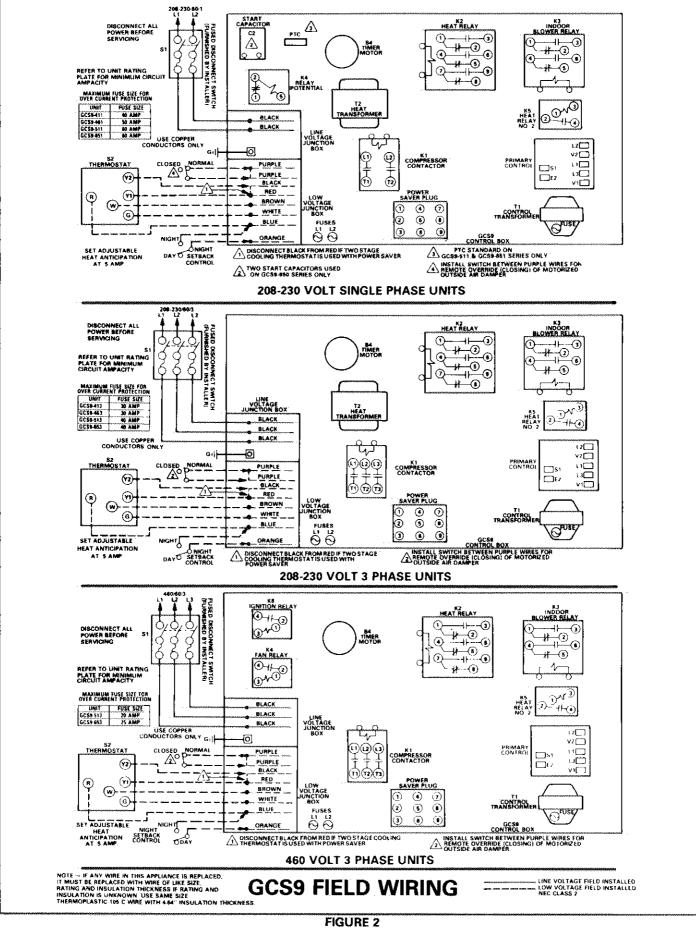
| External Static      | Air Volun  | ne (cfm) @Variou | is Speeds |
|----------------------|------------|------------------|-----------|
| Pressure<br>(in. wg) | High       | Medium           | Low       |
| 0                    | 2345       | 1865             | 1560      |
| .05                  | 2305       | 1850             | 1555      |
| .10                  | 2270       | 1830             | 1550      |
| .15                  | 2230       | 1810             | 1545      |
| .20                  | 2185       | 1790             | 1535      |
| .25                  | 2145       | 1760             | 1515      |
| .30                  | 2095       | 1730             | 1490      |
| .40                  | 2010       | 1665             | 1400      |
| .50                  | 1915       | 1585             | 1295      |
| WITH PS              | DG9-65 AND | DUCT DISTRIBL    | JTION     |
| 0                    | 2250       | 1770             | 1480      |
| .05                  | 2210       | 1750             | 1475      |
| .10                  | 2175       | 1740             | 1470      |
| .15                  | 2145       | 1720             | 1465      |
| .20                  | 2095       | 1700             | 1460      |
| .25                  | 2060       | 1675             | 1440      |
| .30                  | 2010       | 1645             | 1410      |
| .40                  | 1935       | 1575             | 1335      |
| .50                  | 1835       | 1500             | 1225      |

NOTE — All Cfm is measured external to the unit with the air filter in place.





### GCS9



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#### F - PG9 Burner Ratings

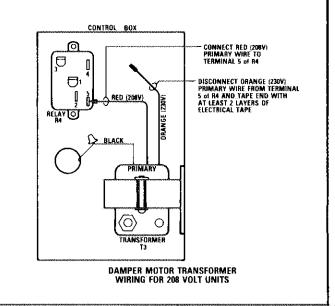
| BURNER    | INF     | PUT     | OUT     | TUY     |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| USED      | BTUH    | Kcal/hr | BTUH    | Kcal/hr |
| PG9-120-1 | 90,000  | 22700   | 74,000  | 78600   |
| PG9-120-1 | 120,000 | 30200   | 95,000  | 23900   |
| PG9-150-1 | 120,000 | 30200   | 93,000  | 23400   |
| PG9-150-1 | 150,000 | 37800   | 119,000 | 30000   |

#### G - Field Wiring (Figure 2)

The PSDG9 power saver is available factory or field installed. Power saver connections are made at jack plug located at bottom of unit control box. If a two stage cooling thermostat is used, separate black and red leads at low voltage junction box. The power saver transformer must be wired for correct voltage. See Figure 3.

The OADG9 intake hood is a field option. If a motorized damper is desired, make jack plug connections at low voltage junction box. The transformer must be wired for correct voltage. An overriding switch may be wired through the purple leads to drive dampers completely closed whenever desired.

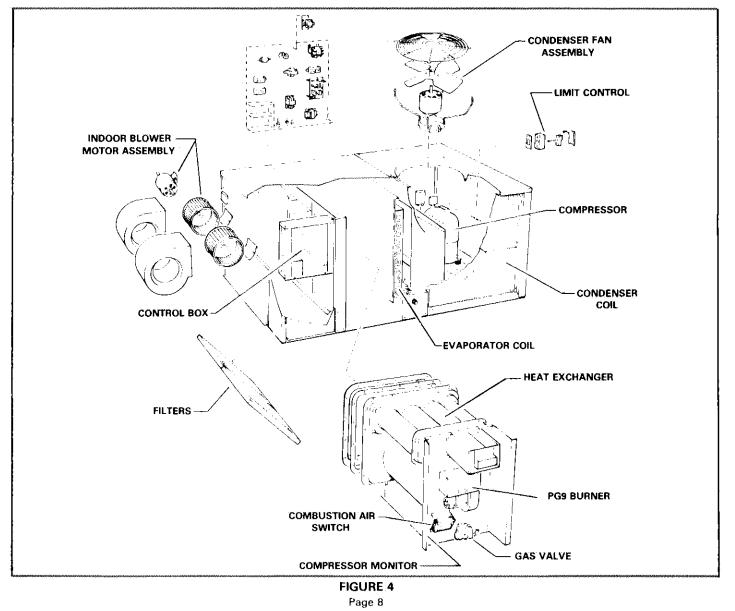
A night setback control can be wired through the blue and orange leads at low voltage junction box.



#### FIGURE 3

#### **III - COMPONENTS**

Figure 4 shows an exploded view of a GCS9.



#### A - Control Box

Refer to Field Wiring Diagram for parts arrangement.

#### 1 - Compressor Contactor (K1)

Energizes compressor on a cooling demand. On "P" and "Y" voltage units it also powers condenser fan motor.

#### 2 - Heat Relay (K2)

This relay is energized by "W" leg of thermostat. Initiates blower motor and timer motor (B5) operation. Also energizes heat relay 2 (K5) and ignition relay (K6 - "G" voltage only)

#### 3 - Indoor Blower Relay (K3)

Energizes indoor blower motor.

4 - Potential Relay (K4) & Start Capacitor(s) (S2) On GCS9-511 and GCS9-651, hard start components may come factory installed in place of the PTC start assist device.

#### Fan Relay (K4)

On "G" voltage units this relay powers the condenser fan motor. This motor operates on 220V single phase.

#### 5 - Heat Relay 2 (K5)

This relay is energized by K2. It powers the combustion blower motor (B4) and heat transformer (T2 - "P" and "Y" voltage units only).

#### 6 - Ignition Relay (K6)

On "G" voltage units, this relay powers the Primary Control.

#### 7 - PTC Start Assist Device

On GCS9-511 and GCS9-651 units, this solid-state PTC provides extra starting torque to solve most compressor starting problems.

#### 8 - 10 Amp Fuses

Provide protection for control circuits. "P" & "Y" voltage units have two fuses while "G" voltage units have three.

#### 9 - Timer Motor (B4)

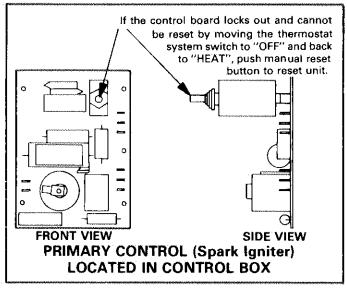
This timer keeps the indoor blower motor operating approximately 3 minutes at the end of a heating or cooling cycle.

#### 10 - Primary Control (Figure 5)

The GCS9 uses a Fenwal (style 05-14) direct spark ignition control. The ignition system is solid state, capacitive-discharge and includes an output relay to control the 24V gas valve. Upon a heating call, the control simultaneously energizes the gas valve and generates a spark between the electrodes for the ignition trial period (5-10 seconds). Sparking stops once flame is established. If ignition is not achieved, the control will close valve and lockout. To re-establish trial for ignition, move thermostat switch to "off" for a few seconds and then return to "heat" position.

If the control locks out and can not be reset at thermostat, push the manual reset button at control board. Rapid switching at the thermostat will trip the reset.

An electronic flame sensor monitors flame conditions through flame rectification. In the event of flame outage during a heating cycle, the ignitor will provide one retry for ignition before going into lockout. The flame current range is 2-20 micro-amps.



#### FIGURE 5

11 - Control Transformer (T1) Provides 24V control circuit. It includes a 2.5 amp fuse.

#### 12 - Heat Transfer (T2)

On "P" and "Y" voltage units this transformer provides 120V to Primary Control.

#### **B** - Compressor Compartment

#### 1 - Low Pressure Switch (S5)

This switch is located in the suction line. It cuts out at 25 psig  $\pm$  5 and automatically resets at 55 psig  $\pm$  5.

#### 2 - Compressor

Compressor has internal overload protection and a pressure relief valve. The relief valve opens at a discharge and suction differential of 450 psig  $\pm$  50. Compressors have crankcase heaters which are energized continuously.

#### **C** - Heating Section

#### 1 - Compressor Monitor (S10)

The manually adjustable compressor monitor locks out compressor operation at outdoor temperatures below the monitor setting. Factory setting for units without optional power saver is 35°F. Refer to Power Saver settings to adjust compressor monitor if Power Saver option is added.

#### 2 - Combustion Air Switch (S4)

This switch proves blower operation before allowing an ignition trial. The switch is factory set and no field adjustment is necessary.

#### 3 - Gas Valve

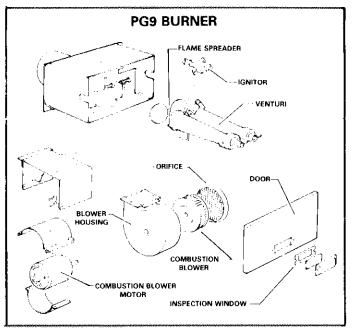
The GCS9 uses a redundant main gas valve. This valve incorporates two internal solenoids which are both energized on a heating demand. Should one solenoid stick open, the other assures gas shut off.

#### 4 - PG9 Power Burner (Figure 6)

The PG9 burner comes in two basic sizes. Each of these sizes is further rated at a minimum and maximum Btuh input. The PG9-90/120 burner has a single venturi and installs in GCS9-410 and GCS9-460 models. The PG9-120/150 burner has two venturis and installs in GCS9-510 and GCS9-650 models.

The 1/20 H.P. blower motor provides air for combustion. It prepurges heat exchanger (through combustion air switch proving) before ignition trial period. The venturi mixes air and gas in correct proportion for proper combustion. The fuel mixture is ignited by sparking at the electrodes which is initiated by the primary control. The flame spreader fits flame to combustion chamber for uniform heat distribution. An electronic flame sensor system monitors flame condition. In the event of flame outage, the primary control locks out the gas valve.

The burner has an inspection window to view flame.





#### 5 - Limit (S3) & Auxiliary Limit

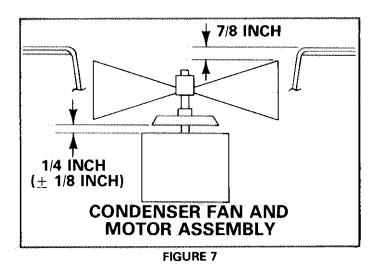
At excessive unit temperatures these controls deenergize the 24V circuit to primary control and heat relay. The gas valve is also de-energized at primary control.

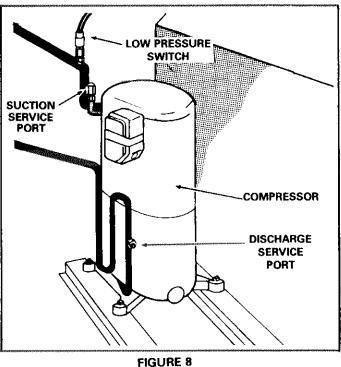
#### D - Condenser Coil

Air draws through the coil and is discharged out the top of unit. The ball bearing condenser fan motor is permanently lubricated, and has thermal cutout protection. For fan motor service access, remove the bolts securing fan motor assembly. Figure 7 illustrates the condenser fan and motor assembly.

#### **IV - REFRIGERANT SYSTEM**

GCS9 units have a single compressor in a single refrigeration system. The expansion valve used changes super heat setting in response to the affects of low ambient conditions on the outdoor coil. The suction and discharge line service ports are located in compressor compartment. See Figure 8. The head pressure given on operating curves is based on discharge pressure.





#### **V - POWER SAVER OPTION**

During power saver operation the outdoor air dampers open and the return air dampers close. Refer to Figure 9. Outdoor air provides first stage cooling when the thermostat requires cooling. Figure 10 shows the PSDG9 control box. Controls affecting power saver operation include:

#### 1 - Power Saver Relay (K7)

This relay initiates power saver operation with a first stage cooling demand.

#### 2 - Enthalpy Control (at outdoor air hood)

The recommended set point is "A". If power saver allows air which is too warm or too humid to enter system, control may be adjusted to a lower set point. Refer to Chart A.

### GCS9

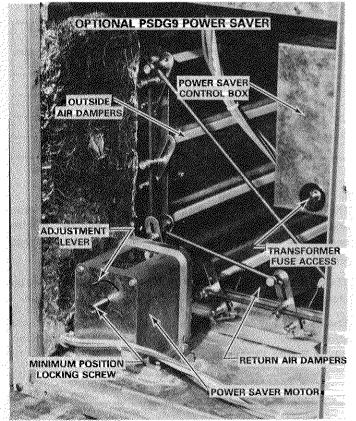


FIGURE 9

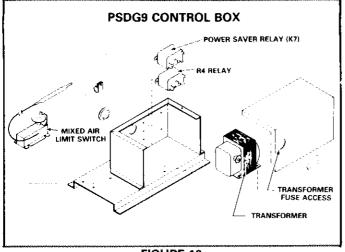


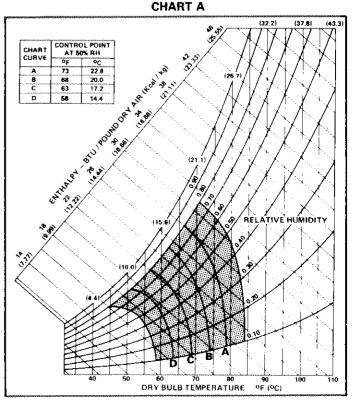
FIGURE 10

3 - Mixed Air Limit Switch (in power saver control box) The recommended setting is 55°F. The mixed air limit

senses the temperature in the unit return air section. Outdoor air blades will close to minimum position when temperature drops below the limit setting.

4 - Compressor Monitor Limit Switch (control adjustment in burner compartment)

The recommended setting is 58°F when power saver is used. At outdoor temperatures below the limit setpoint, the compressors (mechanical cooling) are locked out. If power saver is field installed be sure to reset the limit setpoint from its factory setting of 35°F.



#### 5 - Minimum Positioner (at damper blades)

Using steps "a" through "f" listed below, set blades in minimum position.

- a Check to make sure all wiring is connected properly.
- b Set thermostat switch to "OFF" and fan switch to "ON". Turn on power to unit to power damper motor.
- c Refer to Table 2 for desired minimum blade setting.
- d Loosen screw on damper motor.
- e Set blades, by adjusting lever to desired position.
- f Tighten screw on damper motor.

IMPORTANT - After adjustment is completed, return enthalpy control to desired setting.

| T. | A | в | ı.  | F | 2  |
|----|---|---|-----|---|----|
|    | ~ | D | ۴., |   | 4. |

| FRESH AIR PERCENTAGE (%) |          |                                 |            |  |  |
|--------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| Damper Blade             | Return   | Return Air Duct Static Pressure |            |  |  |
| Angle                    | 0" (0mm) | .25" (6mm)                      | .5″ (13mm) |  |  |
| 5°                       | 13       | 20                              | 30         |  |  |
| <b>1</b> 0°              | 26       | 34                              | 46         |  |  |
| 15°                      | 37       | 46                              | 57         |  |  |
| 20''                     | 48       | 57                              | 66         |  |  |
| 25"                      | 58       | 66                              | 74         |  |  |
| 30°                      | 69       | 75                              | 81         |  |  |
| 35°                      | 79       | 84                              | 88         |  |  |
| 40°                      | 90       | 92                              | 94         |  |  |

#### **VI - OUTDOOR AIR HOOD OPTION**

Units with optional OADG9 intake hood may contain motor driven or manually set fresh air dampers. Refer to Table 2 for dimensional blade opening and resulting fresh air percentage.

1 - Set damper blades in open position.

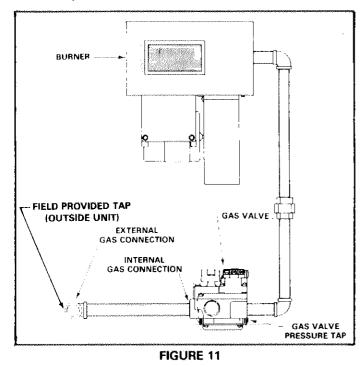
- 2 Motor driven blades will open to the set minimum position when blower is on. To set blades to desired minimum position, use steps "a" through "f" listed below.
  - a Check to make sure all wiring is connected properly.
  - b Set thermostat switch to "OFF" and fan switch to "ON". Turn power on to unit to power damper motor.
  - c Refer to Table 2 for desired minimum blade setting. d - Loosen screw on damper motor.
  - e Set blades, by adjusting lever, to desired position.
  - f Tighten screw on damper motor.
- 3 An override switch may be installed to close damper when desired. See Field Wiring section.

#### **VII - HEATING SYSTEM**

GCS9 input and output ratings are listed on page 5.

#### A - Gas Pressure Adjustment

- Check gas line pressure with unit fired. A minimum of 6" w.c. should be maintained. On multiple unit installations, each unit should be checked in sequence, beginning with the one closest to the supply gas main and progressing to the one furthest from main.
- 2 After line pressure has been checked and adjusted, check manifold pressure. Refer to Figure 11 for location to take reading. Manifold pressure should be 4.0" w.c.



#### **B** - High Altitude Derate

If the heating value of the gas does not exceed values listed in Table 3, derating of the unit is not required. Should the heating value of the gas exceed the table values, or if the elevation is greater than 6,000 feet above sea level it will be necessary to derate the unit. Lennox requires that derate conditions be 4% per thousand feet above sea level. Thus at an altitude of 4000 feet, if the heating value of the gas exceeds 1000 Btu/ft<sup>3</sup>, unit will require a 16% derate.

TABLE 3

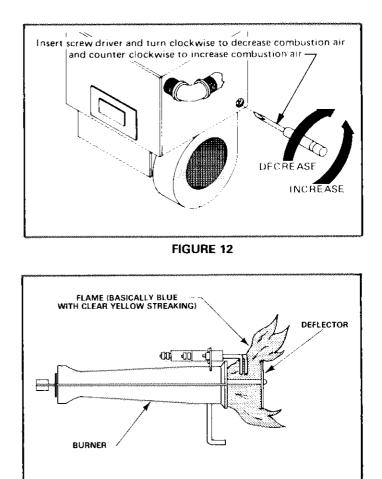
| Elevation Above<br>Sea Level (Feet) | Maximum Heating<br>Value (Btu/ft³) |  |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 5001 — 6000                         | 900                                |  |
| 4001 — 5000                         | 950                                |  |
| 3001 — 4000 <sup>°</sup>            | 1000                               |  |
| 2001 — 3000                         | 1050                               |  |
| Sea Level — 2000                    | 1100                               |  |

#### **C** - Combustion Air Adjustment

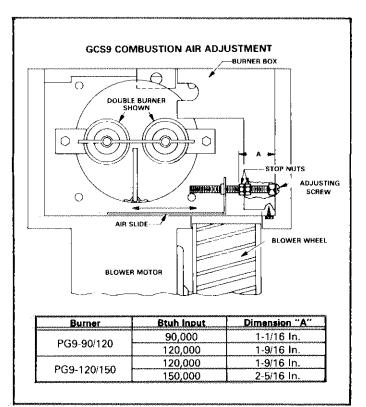
The combustion air is factory set for normal operation. Minor adjustments for flame lifting, burner noise, and etc., will be necessary. Refer to Figure 12. Figure 13 depicts proper burner flame.

The flame appearance will be basically blue, but there will be clear yellow streaking in the flame. It will not be all blue.

The combustion air adjustment on each PG9 burner has a minimum set point as determined by stop nuts. Dimension. "A" in Figure 14 reflects each burners setting.

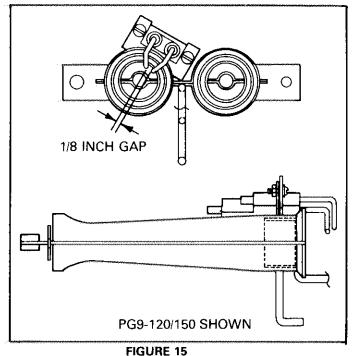


**FIGURE 13** 



#### FIGURE 14 D - Electrode Setting

The correct electrode gap must be maintained for proper operation. See Figure 15.



#### FIGURE 15

### E - Cleaning Combustion Air Blower

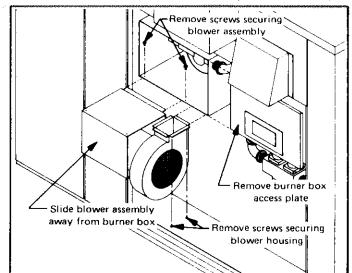
To insure efficient operation the combustion air blower must be kept clean.

- 1 Shut off power to unit.
- 2 Remove (2) screws securing combustion air blower motor assembly. See Figure 16.
- 5 Slide combustion air blower housing and motor assembly

away from the unit as illustrated in Figure 16.

6 - Remove screen covering blower wheel.

7 - Using a small brush clean blower blades. See Figure 17. IMPORTANT - If blower wheel must be removed, loosen allen screw and pull wheel out of housing. When replacing wheel make sure flat on motor shaft lines up with flat on blower wheel, and that allen screw is tightened securely.



**FIGURE 16** 

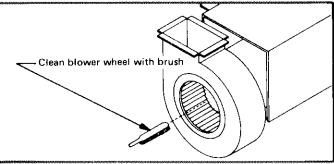


FIGURE 17

#### **F** - Checking Vent Cap

The vent cap should be inspected at the beginning of the heating season and monthly thereafter. Look for signs of sooting, corrosion and any obstruction such as leaves, bird nest, insect nest or other material. Remove any obstruction. Table 4 lists a maintenance frequency chart.

| TABLE | 4 |
|-------|---|
|-------|---|

| MAINTENANCE FREQUENCY CHART |                                 |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| ltem                        | Time Schedule                   |  |  |  |
| Check & Clean Blower        | Wheel Annually                  |  |  |  |
| Lubricate Blower M          | otor Annually (If Necessary)    |  |  |  |
| Clean Filters               | Monthly                         |  |  |  |
| Clean Combustion<br>Blower  | Air Annually                    |  |  |  |
| Inspect Flue Passa          | ges Annually                    |  |  |  |
| Check Burner Flan           | ne Periodically                 |  |  |  |
| Check Vent Cap              | Monthly (During Heating Season) |  |  |  |

#### **F** - Inspecting Flue Passages

If it should be necessary to clean the flue gas passageways, use the following steps.

1 - Remove the rear cabinet panel. To do this remove sheet metal screws holding the panel in place and the corner

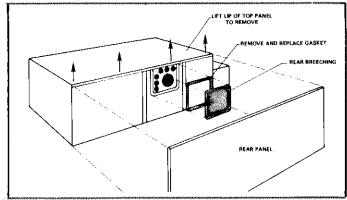


FIGURE 18

screws holding the top panel at the mullions. Lift top panel to clear the rear panel and remove rear panel.

- 2 Unscrew the cap screws and remove the rear breeching of the heat exchanger.
- 3 Slide the flue restrictors from the heat exchanger tubes.
- 4 Clean the flue gas passageways, using a wire brush.
- 5 Re-assemble the unit. It is recommended that the rear breeching gasket be replaced when re-assemblying the heat exchanger. Refer to Figure 18.

#### **VIII - BLOWER SPEED ADJUSTMENT**

GCS9 units are equipped with direct drive blowers. Table 5 shows the speed selection chart for these units.

#### A - Temperature Rise

Adjust blower speed for proper air temperature rise listed on unit nameplate. To measure this temperature rise, place plenum thermometers in warm air and return air plenums. Turn thermostat high as possible to start unit. After plenum thermometers have reached their highest and steadiest readings, subtract the readings. The difference should be within range listed on unit rating plate. If this temperature is low, decrease blower speed; if temperature is high, increase blower speed. Refer to unit wiring diagram to wire blower motor to higher or lower speeds.

| FABLE 5 |
|---------|
|---------|

|                    | SPEED SELECTION  |
|--------------------|--|
| MORE THAN ONE MOT  | OR LEAD TO ANY ONE CONNECTION TAI  |
| INUSED MOTOR IT AD | IS SEPARATELY  |
| SPEED              | BLOWER MOTOR LEAD  |
| LOW                | RED  |
| MEDIUM LOW         | and a second |
| MEDIUM             | YELLOW   |
| MEDIUM HI          |  |
| HIGH               | BLACK  |

#### **B** - Checking Evaporator Coil Air Pressure Drop

- 1 The air test hole on the air inlet side of the coil is located in the burner compartment vestibule panel. See Figure 19. The air test hole on the outlet side of the coil is located in evaporator mullion.
- 2 Remove the snaphold plugs and insert an awl or screwdriver to open up the insulation behind the holes.
- 3 Insert the hoses from the draft gauge into the air test holes so about 1/4" extends inside cabinet. Seal around the holes with Permagum. Connect zero end of draft gauge to the air entering side of coil.
- 4 To start evaporator blower motor, move thermostat heat selector to the lowest setting. Place the system switch in the "COOL" or "AUTO" position and the fan switch in the

"CONT." position. Turn on the power supply. Evaporator blowers only will operate.

- 5 Table 6 lists a range of air volumes and equivalent draft gauge readings for this unit. Observe draft gauge readings with evaporator blowers running. If reading is below air volume required, increase blower speed. If reading is above air volume required, decrease blower speed. Refer to unit diagram.
- 6 After required draft gauge reading is obtained, remove draft gauge lines and replace snaphold plugs. Turn off blower motors.

| DRAFT GAUGE READINGS (DRY EVAPORATOR) |      |       |          |          |  |
|---------------------------------------|------|-------|----------|----------|--|
| PRATT                                 |      |       | READING  |          |  |
| UNIT                                  | CFM  | m³/hr | in. w.c. | mm. w.c. |  |
|                                       | 1100 | 1870  | .090     | 2.29     |  |
|                                       | 1200 | 2040  | .105     | 2.67     |  |
| GCS9-411                              | 1300 | 2210  | .120     | 3.05     |  |
|                                       | 1400 | 2380  | .135     | 3.43     |  |
|                                       | 1500 | 2550  | .150     | 3.81     |  |
|                                       | 1600 | 2720  | .165     | 4.19     |  |
|                                       | 1200 | 2040  | .077     | 1.96     |  |
|                                       | 1300 | 2210  | .086     | 2.18     |  |
| GCS9-461                              | 1400 | 2380  | .095     | 2.41     |  |
|                                       | 1500 | 2550  | .104     | 2.64     |  |
|                                       | 1600 | 2720  | .116     | 2.95     |  |
|                                       | 1700 | 2890  | .128     | 3.25     |  |
| GCS9-511                              | 1500 | 2550  | .078     | 1.98     |  |
|                                       | 1600 | 2720  | .088     | 2.24     |  |
|                                       | 1700 | 2890  | .098     | 2.49     |  |
|                                       | 1800 | 3060  | .108     | 2.74     |  |
|                                       | 1900 | 3230  | 118      | 3.00     |  |
|                                       | 2000 | 3400  | .128     | 3.51     |  |
| GCS9-651                              | 1800 | 3060  | .053     | 1.35     |  |
|                                       | 1900 | 3230  | .058     | 1.47     |  |
|                                       | 2000 | 3400  | .062     | 1.57     |  |
|                                       | 2100 | 3570  | .066     | 1.68     |  |
|                                       | 2200 | 3740  | .071     | 1.80     |  |
|                                       | 2300 | 3910  | .077     | 1.96     |  |
|                                       | 2400 | 4080  | .083     | 2.11     |  |

TABLE 6

NOTE - These are pressure drops across the coil. \*Coil tap probe must extend into coil compartment 12-3/4"

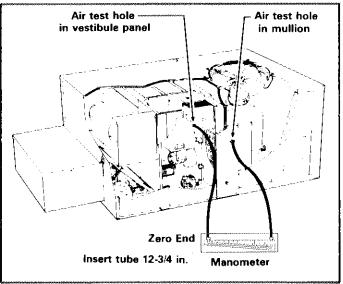


FIGURE 19

## IX - SCHEMATIC WIRING DIAGRAM OPER-

Figure 20 illustrates the heating sequence of operation for a typical GCS9 while Figure 21 explains cooling operation.

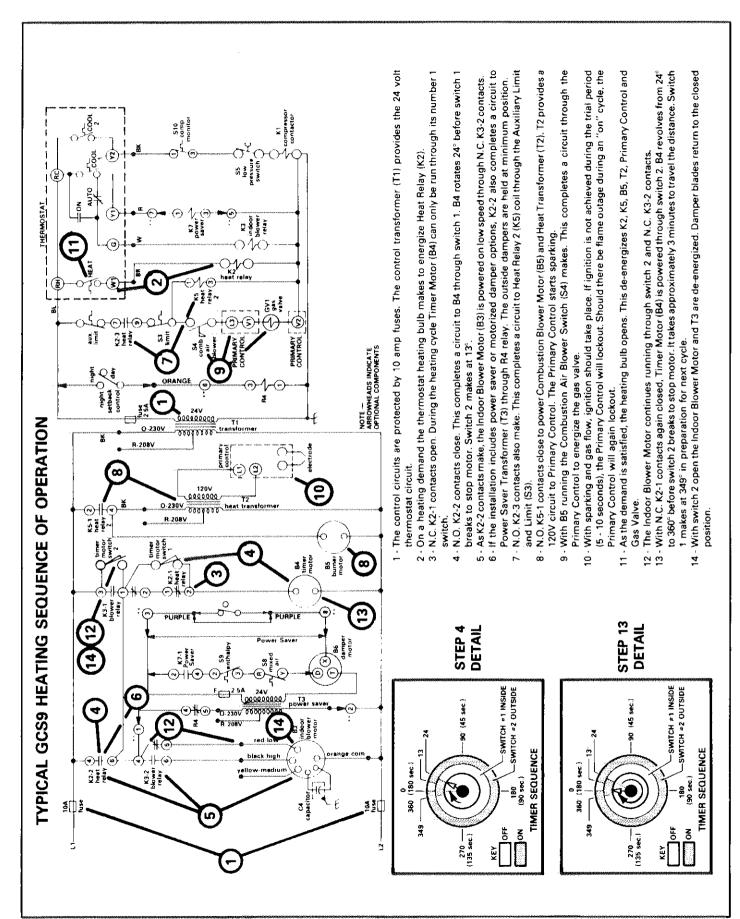


FIGURE 20

