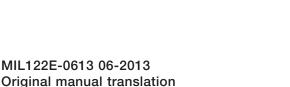


-91

# Installation, operating and maintenance AIRCOOLAIR - АSC/АSH



••• Providing indoor climate comfort



WARNING: Read this manual before installation, reparation o maintenance works.

TABLE OF CONTENTS	
POINTS TO BEAR IN MIND	PAGE 2
DATA PAGE FOR COMMISSIONING UNIT	PAGE 3
1 GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS	PAGE
1.1 PHYSICAL DATA 1.2 ELECTRICAL DATA 1.3 FAN PERFORMANCES 1.4 OPERATING LIMITS 1.5 PIPING DRAWINGS 1.6 UNIT DIMENSIONS	4 5 5 5 6-13 14
2 INSTALLATION	PAGE
<ul> <li>2.1 PRELIMINARY PREPARATIONS</li> <li>2.2 UNIT ACCEPTANCE</li> <li>2.3 UNIT LOCATION</li> <li>2.4 INSTALLATION CLEARANCES</li> <li>2.5 DETAILING SPRING ANTI-VIBRATION POSITION</li> <li>2.6 INSIDE LOCATION</li> <li>2.7 REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS</li> <li>2.8 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS</li> <li>2.9 OPTIONS INSTALLATION</li> </ul>	15 15 16 16 17 18-21 22-25 26
3 COMMISSIONING AND OPERATION	PAGE
3.1 PRELIMINARY CHECKS BEFORE FIRST INSTALLATION 3.2 PRELIMINARY CHECKS AT FIRST INSTALLATION	27 28
4 MAINTENANCE	PAGE
4.1 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE 4.2 CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE 4.3 FAILURE DIAGNOSIS	29 29 30-31

Lennox have been providing environmental solutions since 1895, our AIRCOOLAIR range continues to meet the standards that have made LENNOX a household name. Flexible design solutions to meet YOUR needs and uncompromising attention to detail. Engineered to last, simple to maintain and Quality that comes as standard. For information on local contacts at www.lennoxeurope.com.

All the technical and technological information contained in this manual, including any drawing and technical descriptions provided by us, remain the property of Lennox and must not be used (except in the operation of this product), reproduced, issued to or made available to third parties without the prior written agreement of Lennox.

#### DANGER AND WARNING SIGNS



Abrasive

surfaces



I ow

temperatures





temperatures



Risk of injury by

moving objects



Electrical voltage



Risk of injury by rotating objects

## **ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS**



Make sure to switch off the power before installing, repairing or carrying out maintenance on the unit, in order to prevent serious electrical injury.

Keep local and national legislation in mind when installing the unit.

#### Standard Guidelines to Lennox equipment

All technical data contained in these operating instructions, including the diagrams and technical description remains the property of Lennox and may not be used (except for the purpose of familiarizing the user with the equipment), reproduced, photocopied, transferred or transmitted to third parties without prior written authorization from Lennox.

The data published in the operating instructions is based on the latest information available. We reserve the right to make modifications without notice.

We reserve the right to modify our products without notice without obligation to modify previously supplied goods.

These operating instructions contain useful and important information for the smooth operation and maintenance of your equipment.

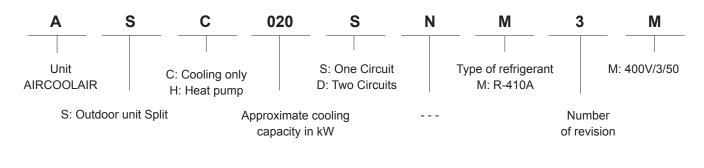
The instructions also include guidelines on how to avoid accidents and serious damage before commissioning the equipment and during its operation and how to ensure smooth and fault-free operation. Read the operating instructions carefully before starting the equipment, familiarize yourself with the equipment and handling of the installation and carefully follow the instructions. It is very important to be properly trained in handling the equipment. These operating instructions must be kept in a safe place near the equipment.

Like most equipment, the unit requires regular maintenance. This section concerns maintenance and management personnel.

If you have any queries or would like to receive further information on any aspect relating to your equipment, do not hesitate to contact us.

DATA PAGE FOR UNIT COMMISSIONING	
UNIT:	SERIAL Nr:
CONTROL PANEL IDENTIFICATION CODE:	
INSTALLATION ADDRESS:	
INSTALLER:	_ INSTALLER TEL:
INSTALLER ADDRESS:	
DATE OF COMMISSIONING:	
CHECKS:	
SUPPLY VOLTAGE: RATED	VOLTAGE OF THE UNIT:
	YES NO
UNIT ON SHOCK ABSORBERS DRAINAGE WITH TRAP MAIN POWER SUPPLY CONNECTION CONTROL PANEL CONNECTION COMPRESSOR OIL LEVEL INDICATOR	
DATA INPUT:	
COOLING CYCLE	HEATING CYCLE
Air intake temperature to the outdoor coil: $< \frac{1 - °C}{2 - °C}$ Air output temperature to the outdoor coil: $< \frac{1 - °C}{2 - °C}$ High processor:       circuit 1	Air intake temperature to the outdoor coil:
High pressure: < circuit 1 Low pressure: < circuit 2 circuit 1	High pressure: < circuit 1
ELECTRIC POWER CONSUMPTION (Amps)	
Compressor 1//       Compressor 2//         Compressor 3//       Outdoor fan section 1/         Outdoor fan section 2/      /	Compressor 1      //       Compressor 2      //         Compressor 3      //          Outdoor fan section 1      /         Outdoor fan section 2      /
Options installed:	
Comments:	

## 1.1.- PHYSICAL DATA





ASC/ADC: Cooling only unit R-410A. ASH/ADH: Heat pump unit R-410A.

UNIT MODELS		ASC ASH	020S	025S	030S	035S	040S	045D	055D
Compressor		(Nr. / Type)	1/Scroll	1/Scroll	1/Scroll	1/Scroll	1/Scroll	2/Scroll	2/Scroll
	ASC/ADC Cooling only unit	(Kg.)	160	210	216	233	255	443	452
Net Weight	ASH/ADH Heat pump unit	(Kg.)	168	219	221	239	258	452	463
(Kg)	Opcional Soft starter	(Kg.)	3	3	3	3	3	6	6
	Opcional FP1	(Kg.)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Air flow (m <sup>3</sup> /h)		6800	9750	11500	11300	11000	9750+9750	11500+11500	
Refrigerant charge NITRO						NITROGEN (*)			

#### n/a: not available

UNIT MODELS		ASC ASH	070D	085D	100D	120D	140D	200D	230D
Compressor		(Nr. / Type)	2/Scroll	2/Scroll	3/Scroll	3/Scroll	3/Scroll		
	ASC/ADC Cooling only unit	(Kg.)	481	520	632	797	906	1659	1679
Net Weight	ASH/ADH Heat pump unit	(Kg.)	499	537	748	828	932	1684	1704
(Kg)	Opcional Soft starter	(Kg.)	6	6	9	9	9	n/a	n/a
	Opcional FP1	(Kg.)	n/a	n/a	40	40	40	80	80
Air flow	Air flow (m <sup>3</sup> /h)			11000+11000	22700+18100	22700+18100	22700+22700	28600+28600	36000+36000
Refrigerant ch	narge	NITROGEN (*)							

#### n/a: not available

(\*) The units are supplied with nitrogen gas; this must be removed and the unit charged with refrigerant R-410A, depending on unit model.

(See page 21 to calculate refrigerant charge for model ASC/ADC and ASH/ADH units to work with indoor units CIC/CIH). R-410A factory refrigerant precharge kit is available as an option.

## **1.2.- ELECTRICAL DATA**

#### **ELECTRICAL CONSUMPTION FOR STANDARD UNITS**

UNIT M	ASC ASH 020S	ASC ASH 025S	ASC ASH 030S	ASC ASH 035S	ASC ASH 040S	ASC ASH 045D	ASC ASH 055D	ASC ASH 070D	ASC ASH 085D	ASC ASH 100D	ASC ASH 120D	ASC ASH 140D	ASC ASH 200D	ASC ASH 230D	
Voltage	Ph/V/Hz							3~400	V 50Hz						
Maximum absor	bed power (kW)														
	Compressor	8,25	10,1	11,8	15,6	16,9	20,2	23,6	31,1	33,8	42,6	45,6	55,9	78,8	88,2
	Fan	0,3	0,69	0,69	0,84	0,84	1,38	1,38	1,68	1,68	3,05	3,05	4	4,2	8
	Total power	8,55	10,79	12,49	16,44	17,74	21,58	24,98	32,78	35,48	45,65	48,65	59,9	83	96,2
Maximum	current (A)														
	Compressor	15	21	22	25,6	31	42	44	51,2	62	77,6	84	102	142	159
	Fan	1,6	3	3,4	3,4	3,4	6	6,8	6,8	6,8	6,4	6,4	8	9,6	16
	Total current	16,6	24	25,4	29	34,4	48	50,8	58	68,8	84	90,4	110	151,6	175
Start up c	urrent (A)	87,5	97,4	104	138	17,2	121	129	167	206	221	228	292	302,9	358

## ADDITIONAL ELECTRICAL CONSUMPTION FOR THE OPTIONS

OPTION FP1		ASC ASH 100D FP1 (Low-High speed)	ASC ASH 120D FP1 (Low-High speed)	ASC ASH 140D FP1 (Low-High speed)	ASC ASH 200D FP1 (Low-High speed)	ASC ASH 230D FP1 (Low-High speed)	
Voltage	Ph/V/Hz	3 400V 50Hz					
Maximum absorbed power	kW	2,00-6,20	2,00-6,20	1,00-5,2	5,8-14,2	2-10,4	
Maximum current	A	3,2-9,8	3,2-9,8	1,6-8,2	9,6-22,8	3,2-16,4	
Start un current	A	3,2-9,8	3,2-9,8	1,6-8,2	9,6-22,8	3,2-16,4	

## **1.3.- FAN PERFORMANCES**

## 1.3.1.- OUTDOOR UNIT WITH AVAILABLE HIGH PRESSURE FAN (OPTION)

Air flow data. FP1 option. Low speed.

MOD	ELS	:		100D-120D -140D	200D	230D			
Fan type:				Axial "short case"-direct coupling 900 r.p.m.(Low speed) 3~400V					
Fan nu	mbe	r:		2 4					
	50	Air flow		19000+19000	28000+28000				
a Ĕ	50	Absorbed power	kW	5	10				
D St	75	Air flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	18000+18000	24000-	+24000			
le	/5	Absorbed power	kW	5.1	10	).2			
ab	100	Air flow	m3/h	17000+17000	22000+22000	N/A			
res	100	Absorbed power	kW	5.2	10.4	N/A			
Available static pressure Pa.	125	Air flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	15000+15000	20000+20000	N/A			
	125	Absorbed power	kW	5.3	10.6	N/A			

#### Air flow data. FP1 option. High speed.

MOD	ELS	:		100D-120D -140D	200D 230D			
Fan ty	pe:		Axial "short case"-direct coupling 1450 r.p.m.(High speed) 3~4000					
Fan nu	imbe	r:		2 4				
U	450	Air flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	22000+22000	34000+34000			
fati Pa.	150	Absorbed power	kW	9.2	18.4			
le s	000	Air flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	20000+20000	28000+28000			
lab	200	Absorbed power	kW	9.3	18.6			
Available static pressure Pa.	250	Air flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	18000+18000	24000+24000			
∢	250	Absorbed power	kW	9.4	18.8			
		·			n/a: Not availat			

#### 1.4.- OPERATING LIMITS (For installation with CIC-CIH units)

OPERATING LIMITS FOR (C	COOLING ONLY) UNITS	MAXIMUM TEMPERATURES	MINIMUM TEMPERATURES				
	INDOOR TEMPERATURE	32°C DB / 23°C WB	21°C DB / 15°C WB				
COOLING CYCLE OPERATION	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE	45°C (22E-26E-32E-52D-64D) 47°C (38E-43E-76D-86D-112D -128D-152D)	+10°C STANDARD UNIT 0°C (*) -15°C (**)				

(\*) With option kit low temperature 0°C.

(\*\*) With option kit low temperature -15°C or kit -15°C and low noise level.

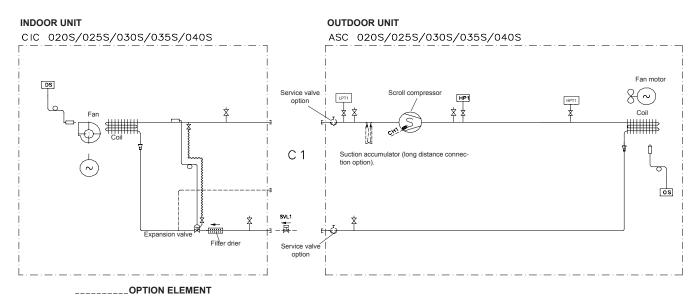
OPERATING LIMITS FOR	R (HEATING PUMP) UNITS	MAXIMUM TEMPERATURES	MINIMUM TEMPERATURES				
	INDOOR TEMPERATURE	32°C DB / 23°C WB	21°C DB / 15°C WB				
COOLING CYCLE OPERATION	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE	45°C (22E-26E-32E-52D-64D) 47°C (38E-43E-76D-86D-112D -128D-152D)	0°C				
HEATING CYCLE	INDOOR TEMPERATURE	27°C DB	15°C DB				
OPERATION	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE	DEPENDING ON MODEL (See tables for heating capacities)	-10°C DB / -11°C WB				

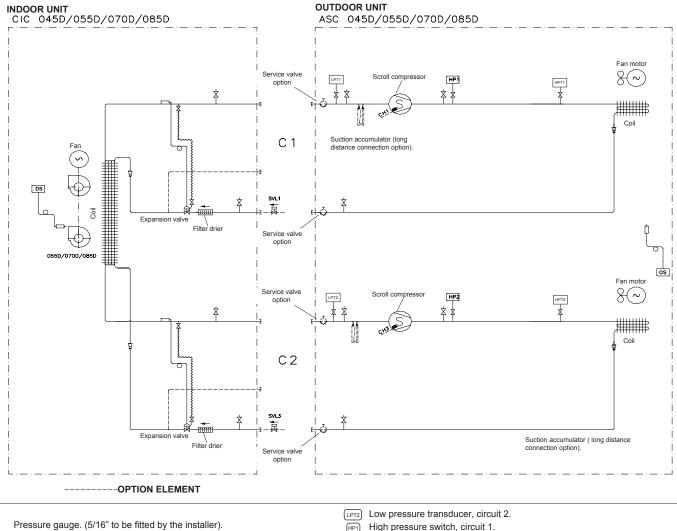
DB: Dry bulb temperature.

WB: Wet bulb temperature

#### **1.5.- PIPING DRAWINGS**

#### **COOLING ONLY UNITS**





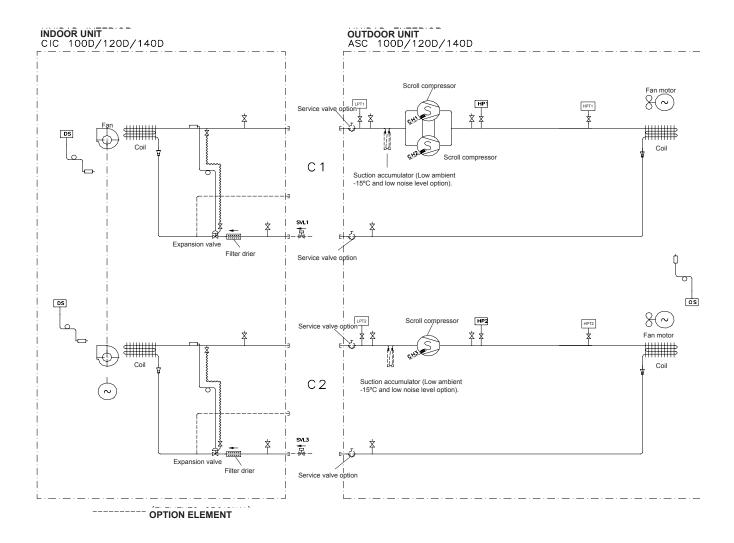
Discharge sensor. (With C50 control).

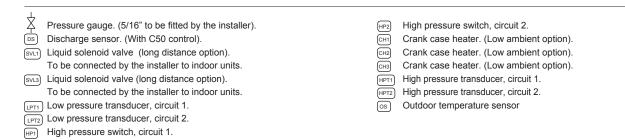
- Liquid solenoid valve. (long distance option). SVL1)
- To be connected by the installer to indoor units.
- (SVL3) Liquid solenoid valve. (long distance option).
- To be connected by the installer to indoor units.
- LPT1 Low pressure switch, circuit 1.

- High pressure switch, circuit 1.
- HP1 HP2 High pressure switch, circuit 2.
- Crank case heater. (Low ambient option). CH1
- Crank case heater. (Low ambient option). СНЗ
- (HPT1) High pressure transducer, circuit 1.
- $\underbrace{HPT2}$  High pressure transducer, circuit 2.
- Outdoor temperature sensor (os)

#### **1.5.- PIPING DRAWINGS**

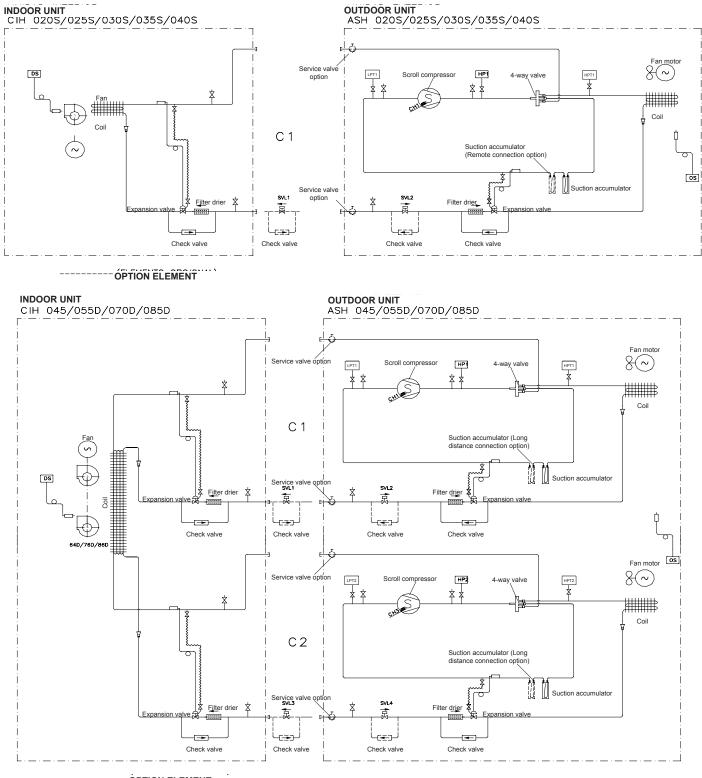
**COOLING ONLY UNITS** 





#### **1.5.- PIPING DRAWINGS**

#### **HEAT PUMP UNITS**



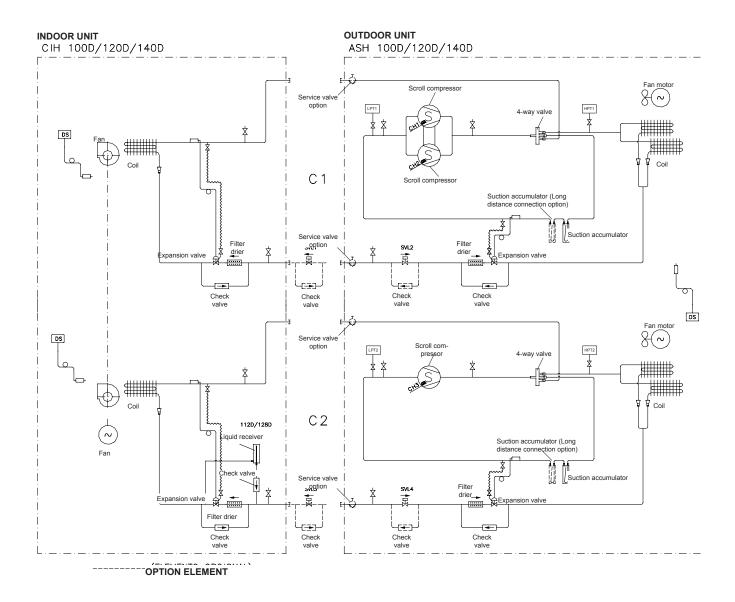
#### ----- OPTION ELEMENT

- Pressure gauge. (5/16" to be fitted by the installer).
- Discharge sensor.
- Liquid solenoid valve (Long distance option). SVL1 To be connected by the installer in the indoor unit.
- (SVL2) Liquid solenoid valve (Long distance option).
- (SVL3) Liquid solenoid valve (Long distance option).
- To be connected by the installer in the indoor unit.
- Liquid solenoid valve (Long distance option). SVL4

- LPT1 Low pressure transducer, circuit 1.
- LPT2 Low pressure transducer, circuit 2.
- HP1 High pressure switch, circuit 1.
- HP2 High pressure switch, circuit 2.
- CH1 Crank case heater.
- СНЗ Crank case heater.
- (HPT1) High pressure transducer, circuit 1.
- HPT2 High pressure transducer, circuit 2.
- Outdoor temperature sensor OS1)

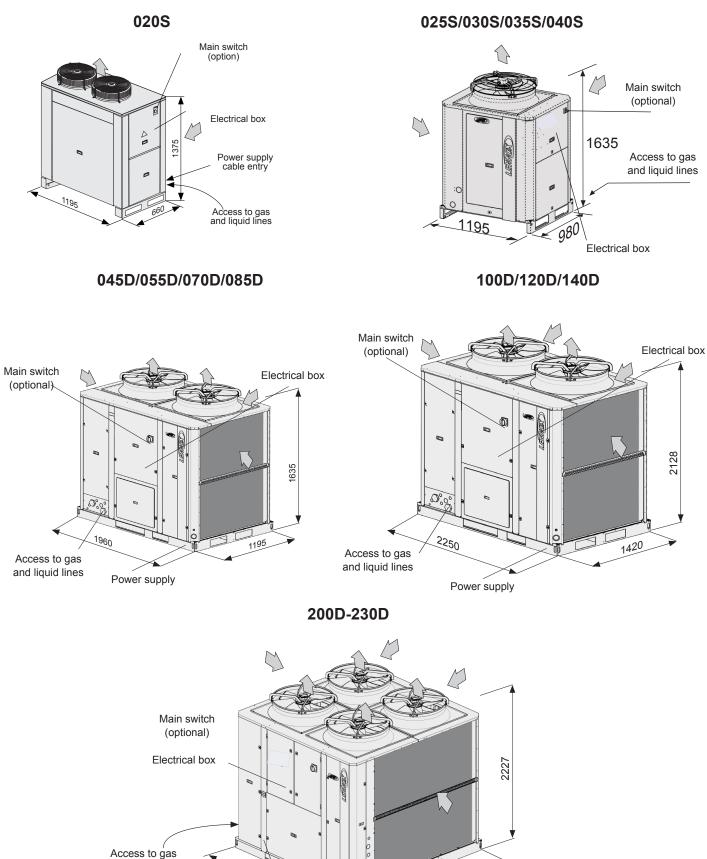
#### **1.5.- PIPING DRAWINGS**

#### **HEAT PUMP UNITS**



 $\stackrel{\textstyle \sim}{\times}$  Pressure gauge. (5/16" to be fitted by the installer). HP1 High pressure switch, circuit 1. Discharge sensor. (With C50 control).  $\overline{(HP2)}$  High pressure switch, circuit 2. [SVL1] Liquid-gas pipe sensor, circuit 1. (Split / Multi-split). CH1 Crank case heater. CH2 Crank case heater. Liquid-gas pipe sensor, circuit 2. (Split / Multi-split).  $\ensuremath{\underline{\texttt{SVL2}}}$  Liquid solenoid valve (Long distance option). CH3 Crank case heater. (HPT1) Pressure transducer, circuit 1. (SVL3) To be connected by the installer to indoor units. Pressure transducer, circuit 2. Liquid solenoid valve (Long distance option). Outdoor temperature sensor SVL4 Liquid solenoid valve (Long distance option). (LPT1) To be connected by the installer to indoor units. LPT2 Liquid solenoid valve (Long distance option). Low pressure switch, circuit 1. Low pressure switch, circuit 2.

## 1.6.- DIMENSIONS OF ASC/ASH/ADC/ADH UNIT



2128

and liquid lines

Access to gas and liquid lines

2300

2250

Power supply

## 2.1.- PRELIMINARY PREPATATIONS



All INSTALLATION, SERVICE and MAINTENANCE work must be carried out by QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

The unit must be transported in a VERTICAL POSITION on its metal mounting frame. Any other position may cause serious damage to the machine. When the unit is received, it should be checked to assure that it has received no shocks or other damage, following the instructions on the packaging. If there is damage, the unit may be rejected by notifying the LENNOX Distribution Department and stating why the machine is unacceptable on the transport agent's delivery note. Any later complaint or claim made to the LENNOX Distribution Department for this type of damage cannot be considered under the Guarantee.

Sufficient space must be allowed to facilitate installation of the unit.

The unit may be mounted outdoors. When the unit is mounted on the floor, ensure that the position is not subject to flooding.

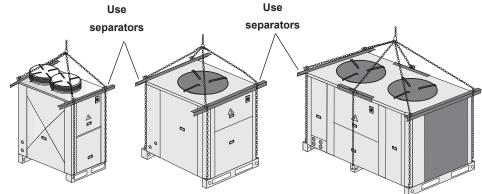


When positioning the unit, be sure that the Rating Plate is always visible since this data will be necessary to ensure correct maintenance.

The units are designed to be installed with ducts designed by qualified technical staff. The joints to be used between ducts and openings in the unit should be Elastic Joints. Avoid the use of BYPASS joints between the extraction air and input air. The structure where the unit is placed must be able to support the weight of the unit during operation.

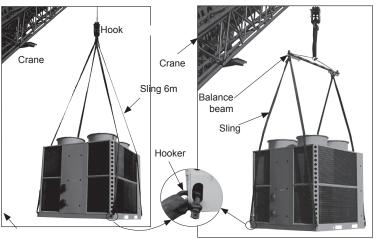
2.2.- UNIT RECEPTION

## How to hoist the unit



WITH BALANCE BEAM

WITH HOOK



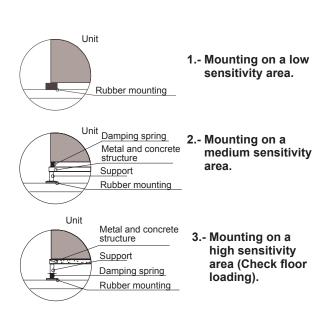
## NOTE:

Use slingers of 6 m with the hook in order to prevent pressure on the top of the unit because it can be damaged. Whenever it is possible, use balance beam.

## 2.3.- UNIT LOCATION

- The bedplate is made up of metal sections, capable of withstanding the weight of the unit.
- If the unit is floor mounted, then the profiles should be isolated with shock absorbing material such as anti-vibration units or pads. Bear in mind that the fans rotate at approximately 850 rpm.
- The unit is able to work in normal radio interference conditions for commercial and residential installations. For any other conditions please consult us.
- If the outside temperature in the area where the heat pump unit is to be installed is low or the operating cycle is too long, it may be necessary to install an electrical heater in the drip tray, to prevent the formation of ice in the coil during the defrost cycle.

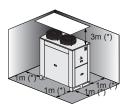




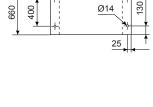
DETAILING AVM POSITIONS

## FAILURE TO INSTALL THE UNITS AS SHOWN WILL IMPACT PERFORMANCE AND RELIABILITY.

## INSTALLATION CLEARANCES



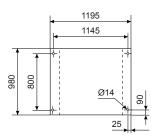
ASC/ASH 020S

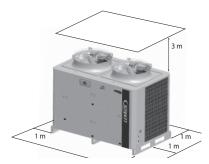


1195 1145

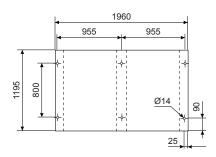


ASC/ASH 025S/030S/035S/040S





ASC/ASH/ADC/ADH 045D/055D/070D/085D

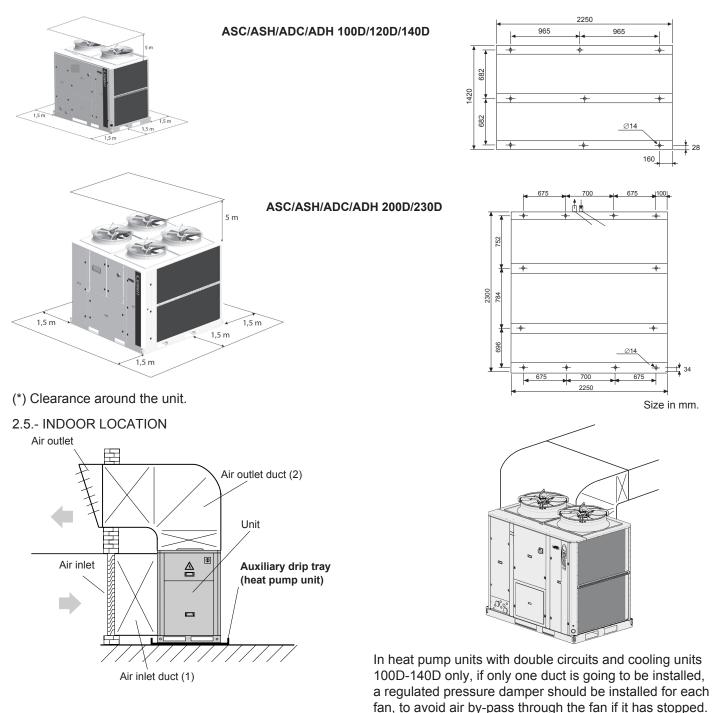


(\*) Clearance around the unit.

Size in mm.

## INSTALLATION CLEARANCES

#### DETAILING AVM POSITIONS

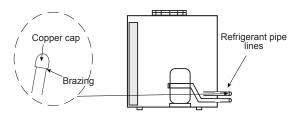


For inside location, keep the following advice in mind:

- During the heat pump defrost cycle, the units produce a large quantity of melted water. If you wish to drain this water, adequate drainage should be installed below the unit to collect and lead the water to the desired location.
   Air duct installation:
- If an air duct has been installed, the operating limits will be reduced (see operating limits section in this manual).
- (1) The air intake plenum (option) available for models 100D-140D facilitates the installation of the air intake duct.
- (2) The discharge plenum (option) permits the installation of a square discharge duct with options FP1.

## 2.6- REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS

The unit is supplied with the gas and liquid lines sealed with copper caps outside the casing with possibility to install pipe lines (unless the unit is supplied with the factory precharged refrigerant kit (option) or service valves kit (option).



Standard units are filled with Nitrogen gas, which must be removed before any operation on the unit.

As an option, the unit can be supplied with service valves on the gas and liquid lines, with Nitrogen charge  $(N_2)$  or refrigerant charge (R-410A).

#### FOR STANDARD UNITS AND UNITS SUPPLIED WITH SERVICE VALVES PROCEED AS FOLLOW:

- 1. Remove the nitrogen gas through the high and low 5/16" service ports located inside and provide a low vacuum for safety.
- 2. Remove the caps from the connecting lines.
- 3. Braze the piping connection lines. Select piping diameter from TABLE 1.
- (When brazing refrigerant pipes, nitrogen gas must be supplied into the pipes through the service ports to remove the air). 4. Leak test:

Add nitrogen gas, check that a pressure of 5 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> has been reached and that there are no leaks in the circuit or brazing by applying soapy water to the pipes which will cause the bubbles to form where there are leaks. To detect small leaks, proceed as follows:

Add nitrogen gas and check that a pressure of 25 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> has been reached, there are no leaks if the pressure remains the same for at least 24 hours and the final pressure is not less than 10% below the initial pressure.

- 5. Ensure that the gas line is insulated.
- 6. Evacuation:

Remove the nitrogen gas, connect the gauge manifold and vacuum pump to both the liquid and gas lines, fully open the gauge manifold valve and switch on the vacuum pump. Check to make sure the gauge shows a pressure of -750mm Hg. Once a level of -750mm Hg is reached, keep the vacuum pump running for at least one hour.

#### 7. Refrigerant charge:

- Check TABLE 3.1. and 3.2. for the amount of refrigerant charge, depending on the length and size of the pipe connections.
- Disconnect the vacuum pump and connect to the refrigerant-charging bottle. Open the charging pump and purge the air from the hose at the pressure gauge manifold.

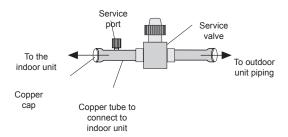
- Set up the amount of additional refrigerant on the weighing scale, open the high pressure and charged in the liquid state. If the total amount of refrigerant charge has not been reached because the pressure is balanced, turn off the high side of the gauge manifold, turn on the unit, and add the remaining amount of the refrigerant charge required slowly through the low side of the pressure gauge. (With R-410A refrigerant, the charging bottle must be in a vertical position and charged in the liquid state). Close the pressure gauge, disconnect it from the from the service port of the unit and fit caps on the service ports. The unit is then ready to operate.



During installation, keep the gas and liquid pipes covered, in order to prevent humidity and dirt from entering them. Take special care that the refrigerant pipes are insulated. Avoid collapse on lines installation.

#### FOR UNITS SUPPLIED WITH SERVICE VALVES AND FACTORY PRECHARGED REFRIGERANT KIT, PROCEED AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. Release the refrigerant pressure from the connecting line through the service port located in that line.
- 2. Remove the caps from the connecting lines.
- 3. Braze the interconnection line to the indoor unit.
- 4. With the service ports closed, evacuate and connect the vacuum pump to the 5/16" service port on the connecting line to achieve a pressure of -750mm Hg; after that, keep the vacuum pump running for at least one hour in order to provide a vacuum to the connecting lines and the indoor unit. Disconnect the vacuum pump.



5. Refrigerant charge:

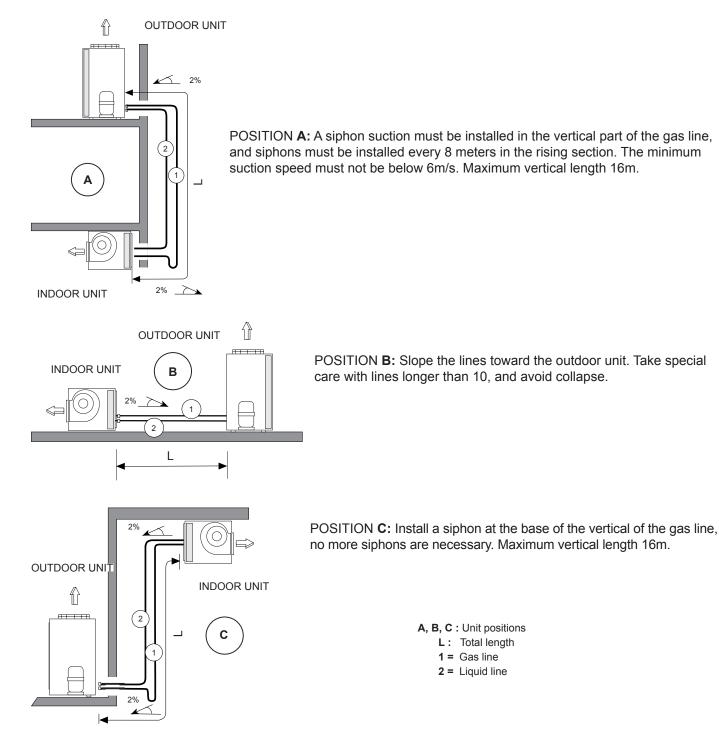
Remove vacuum pump and connect the refrigerant bottle. Check TABLE 2 for refrigerant charge per meter of copper pipe for the corresponding model.

Adjust the amount of refrigerant on the weighting scale and open the pressure gauge to charge in liquid state. (with R-410A refrigerant, the charging bottle must be in a vertical position and it is important to charge in the liquid state). Close the pressure gauge, disconnect it from the service port of the unit and fit the caps.

- 6. Open the service valves.
- 7. The unit is ready to operate.

## 2.6- REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS

To locate outdoor and indoor units, refer to the following information:



NOTE: The units are supplied with welded connections. As an option, service valves are available for liquid and gas lines.



- GAS LINES MUST ALWAYS BE INSULATED.

- THE HORIZONTAL LINES MUST SLOPE AT LEAST 2% TOWARDS THE OUTDOOR UNIT.
- THE MAXIMUM SPEED IN THE LINES, SHOULD NOT BE MORE THAN 15 m/sec.

## 2.6- REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS

For units with 2 circuits, please be sure to connect indoor unit circuits C1 and C2 to the corresponding C1 and C2 circuits of the outdoor unit.

#### - MODELS 100D-120D USE DIFFERENT SIZES OF PIPE CONNECTIONS: LARGE SIZE FOR CIRCUIT 1 AND SMA-LL SIZE FOR CIRCUIT 2.

#### TABLE 1: REFRIGERANT LINES SELECTION

					UNIT - MODEL												
RE	FRIGERAN	T LINES		020S	025S	030S	035S	040S	045D	055D	070D	085D	100D	120D	140D	200D	230D
		ø	C1	1/2"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	3/4"	3/4"	7/8"	7/8"
	0 to 30 m (Stan-	Liquid	C2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	7/8"
	dard	<i>a</i> -	C1	7/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 3/8"	1 3/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 3/8"	1 3/8"	1 5/8"	1 5/8"	1 5/8"	1 5/8"	2 1/8"
	connec-	Ø Gas	C2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 3/8"	1 3/8"	1 3/8"	1 3/8"	1 5/8"	1 5/8"	2 1/8"
Total line	tion of the unit)	Max. No. bends	-	6	12	8	18	12	12	8	18	12	12	12	12	12	12
length		Ø	C1	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	3/4"	7/8"	7/8"	7/8"	n/a	n/a
		Líquid	C2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	3/4"	3/4"	3/4"	7/8"	n/a	n/a
	30 to	Ø Gas	C1	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 3/8"	1 3/8"	1 5/8"	1 1/8"	1 3/8"	1 3/8"	1 5/8"	1 5/8"	1 5/8"	1 5/8"	n/a	n/a
	65 m	Ø Gas	C2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1 1/8"	1 3/8"	1 3/8"	1 5/8"	1 5/8"	1 5/8"	1 5/8"	n/a	n/a
		Max. No. bends	-	12	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	12	12	12	n/a	n/a

n/a: not available



With lines length between 40 and 65m long distance option must be selected.

Units are factory pre-charged with Nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>). The installer should remove the nitrogen and charge the units with the R-410A refrigerant shown in the following tables and also the charge per meter of line shown in TABLE 2.

The unit is supplied as standard with brazed connections. A factory pre-charged kit is available as an option. If fitted, TABLE 2 is the only one to take into account (this option includes service valves).

#### TABLE 2: WEIGHT OF R-410A REFRIGERANT PER METER OF LINE

Liquid	Gas	gr/m			
1/2"	7/8"	108			
5/8"	1-1/8"	177			
5/8"	1-3/8"	182			
3/4"	1-3/8"	265			
3/4"	1-5/8"	271			
7/8"	1-5/8"	374			

## 2.6- REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS

### TABLE 3.1.: REFRIGERANT CHARGE

	Charge of refrigerant (gr) R-410A for 0 meters of line KNCM+indoor unit (Cooling only)													
	020S	025S	030S	035S	040S	045D	055D	070D	085D	100D	120D	140D	200D	230D
C1	5155	5315	5700	7950	9745	6250	5775	7870	9800	12130	15585	15500	23100	24250
C2						6250	5775	7870	9800	10450	10045	15400	23100	24250

	Charge of refrigerant (gr) R-410A for 0 meters of line KNHM + indoor unit (Heat pump)													
	020S	025S	030S	035S	040S	045D	055D	070D	085D	100D	120D	140D	200D	230D
C1	5725	5900	6330	8835	10830	6940	6420	8740	10900	13480	17315	17230	25660	26950
C2						6940	6420	8740	10900	11600	11160	17100	25660	26950

- MODELS 100D AND 120D USE DIFFERENT SIZES OF PIPE CONNECTIONS: LARGE SIZE FOR CIRCUIT 1 AND SMALL SIZE FOR CIRCUIT 2.

#### **REFRIGERANT CHARGE FOR THE SET:**

#### EXAMPLE:

To install a ASH 030S + CIH 030S set, with 22m refrigerant line length between the outdoor and indoor units, the refrigerant charge must be calculated as follows:

1. TABLE 1 (p. 20) shows that for 22m of line length between the indoor unit and outdoor units, the line sizes are: liquid 5/8" and gas 1 1/8".

2 TABLE 2 (p. 20) shows, for line sizes of 5/8"-1 1/8", the charge per meter of line is: 177 g/m x 22m = 3894 g.

3 TABLE 3.1 shows charge of refrigerant for a set with 0m line length is: 6330 g.

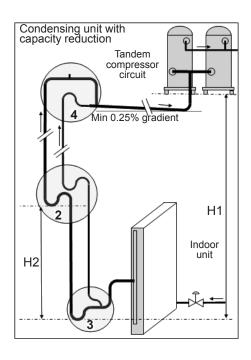
4 To determine the charge of the set:

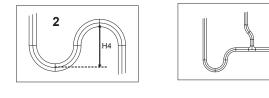
Add the charge in the refrigerant lines + the charge in the indoor unit and outdoor refrigerant units.

## Total charge for the set: 3894 + 6330 = 10224 g

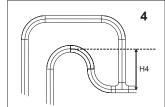
Note: If the outdoor unit includes the factory pre-charged kit, only the weight of refrigerant per meter of line in TABLE 2 is taken into account.

100D to 140D units with 3 compressors are working using three capacity steps and 200D-230D with 4 capacity steps. See the picture below for the installation in the case of units with tandem compressor circuit. An additional gas line has to be used to assure the correct operation of the system.





H1: 15m Max H2: 5m Max H4: 0,15m Min



3

2 - Coupled trap.

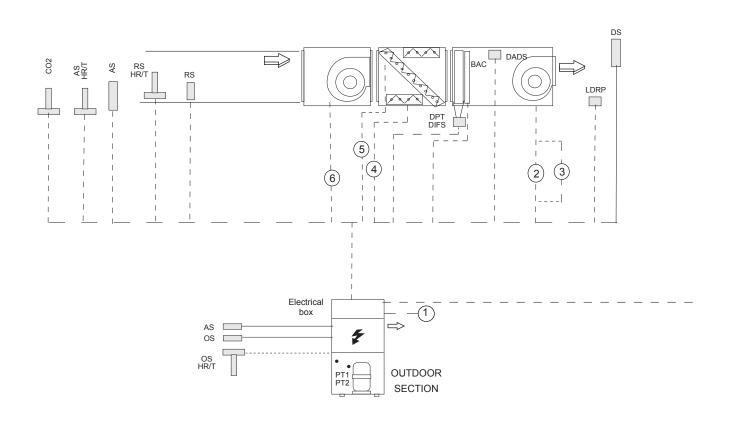
- 3 Lower trap with double tubes.
- 4 Higher trap with double tubes.

## Models with tandem compressor

100D	120D	140D	200D	230D
Circuit 1	Circuit 1	Circuit 1	Circuits 1 & 2	Circuits 1 & 2

#### 2.7.- ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- BEFORE MAKING ANY ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS, ENSURE THAT ALL CIRCUIT BREAKERS ARE OPEN. - IN ORDER TO MAKE THE ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS, FOLLOW THE ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM SUPPLIED WITH THE UNIT.



- - - - To connect by installer

Note: The length of all cables for connection with indoor unit must be less than 65 m.

## 2.7.- ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

## POWER SUPPLY

					POWER	SUPPLY				
	POWER	POWER SUPPLY WITH	FAN 2		ELECTRICAL	HEATER 3		FREE-COO-	EXHAUST	RETURN
	SUPPLY 1	E.H. 1'	FAN 2	STANDARD	MEDIUM	HIGH	MODULATING	LING 4	FAN 5	FAN 6
020S	5 x 4mm²	5 x 10mm²	4 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 2,5 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 4 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 6 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 6 mm² + 7 x 1,5 mm²	7 x 1,5mm²	3 x 1,5mm²	N/A
025S	5 x 6mm²	5 x 16mm²	4 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 2,5 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup> + 6 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 6 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup> + 7 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	7 x 1,5mm²	3 x 1,5mm²	N/A
030S	5 x 6mm²	5 x 16mm²	4 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 2,5 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup> + 6 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 6 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup> + 7 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	7 x 1,5mm²	3 x 1,5mm²	N/A
035S	5 x 6mm²	3 x 25mm² + 2 x 16mm²	4 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 4 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 6 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 10 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup> + 7 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	7 x 1,5mm²	3 x 1,5mm²	N/A
040S	5 x 10mm²	3 x 25mm² + 2 x 16mm²	4 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 4 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 6 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 10 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 10 mm² + 7 x 1,5 mm²	7 x 1,5mm²	3 x 1,5mm²	N/A
045S	5 x 16mm²	3 x 35mm² + 2 x 16mm²	4 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 4 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 6 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 10 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup> + 7 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	7 x 1,5mm²	3 x 1,5mm²	N/A
055D	5 x 16mm²	3 x 50mm² + 2 x 25mm²	4 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (STD/HP1) 4 x 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (HP2/HP3)	4 x 6 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup> +PE + 6 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 16 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup> + 7 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	7 x 1,5mm²	4 x 1,5mm²	4 x 1,5mm²
070D	3 x 25mm² + 2 x 16mm²	3 x 70mm² + 2 x 35mm²	4 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (STD/HP1) 4 x 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (HP2/HP3)	4 x 6 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup> +PE	4 x 16 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup> + 7 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	7 x 1,5mm²	4 x 1,5mm²	4 x 1,5mm²
085D	3 x 25mm² + 2 x 16mm²	3 x 70mm² + 2 x 35mm²	4 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (STD/HP1) 4 x 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (HP2/HP3)	4 x 6 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup> +PE + 6 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 16 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup> + 7 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	7 x 1,5mm²	4 x 1,5mm²	4 x 1,5mm²
100D	3 x 35mm² + 2 x 16mm²	3 x 95mm² + 2 x 50mm²	4 x 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (STD/HP1) 2 x (4 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> ) (HP2/HP3)	4 x 10 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup> + 6 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 25 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup> + 7 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	7 x 1,5mm²	4 x 1,5mm²	4 x 2,5mm²
120D	3 x 35mm² + 2 x 16mm²	3 x 95mm² + 2 x 50mm²	4 x 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (STD/HP1) 2 x (4 x 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> ) (HP2/HP3)	4 x 10 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup> + 6 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 25 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup> + 7 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	7 x 1,5mm²	4 x 1,5mm²	4 x 2,5mm²
140D	3 x 50mm² + 2 x 25mm²	3 x 95mm² + 2 x 50mm²	4 x 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (STD/HP1) 2 x (4 x 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> ) (HP2/HP3)	4 x 10 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup> + 6 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 25 mm² + 6 x 1,5 mm²	4 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup> + 7 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	7 x 1,5mm²	4 x 1,5mm²	4 x 2,5mm²

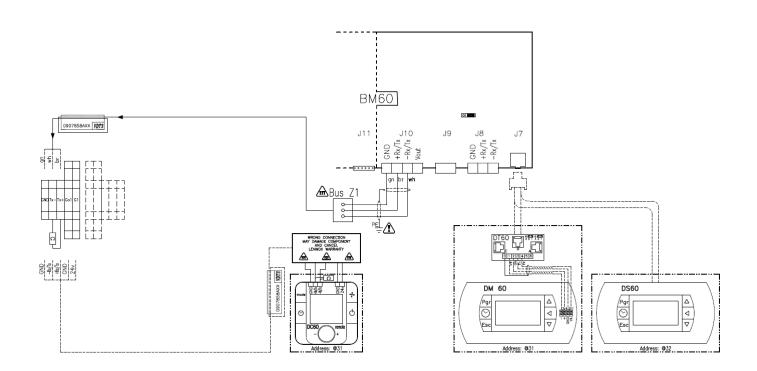
## CONNECTION OF CONTROL ELEMENTS:

	COMPONENT		
DS	Discharge sensor	STANDARD	2 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> (shielded)
OS	Outdoor sensor	STANDARD	2 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> (shielded)
AS	Remote ambient sensor	STANDARD	2 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> (shielded)
RS	Remote duct sensor	OPTION	2 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> (shielded)
RS HR/T	Duct remote sensor for enthalpic free-cooling	OPTION	5 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> (shielded)
CO2	CO2 Air quality probe. (Available only with enthalpic free-cooling)	OPTION	4 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> (shielded)
DPT	Air differential pressure transducer	OPTION	3x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> (shielded)
OS HR/T	Outdoor sensor for enthalpic free-cooling	OPTION	5 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> (shielded)
AS HRT	Remote ambient sensor for enthalpic free-cooling	OPTION	5 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> (shielded)
DIFS	Dirty filter sensor	OPTION	2 x 1,5 mm²
LDRP	Long distance connection	OPTION	3 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (units 1 circuit) 2x(3 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> ) (units 2 circuits)
DADS	Smoke detector	OPTION	7 x 1,5 mm²
BAC	Hot water coil	OPTION	5 x 1,5 mm²

## VOLTAGE OPERATING LIMITS: 342-462V

## 2.7.- ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

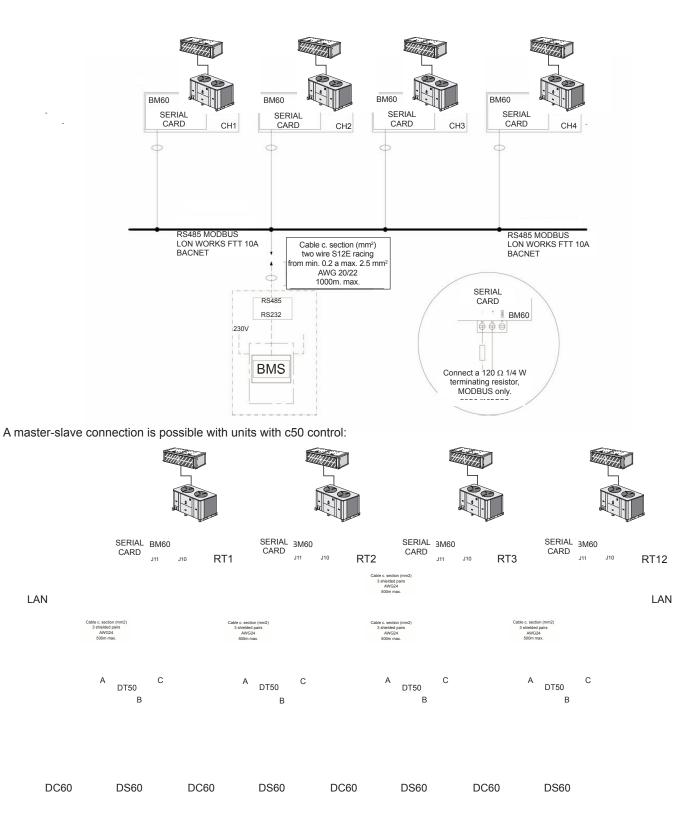
COMFORT AND SERVICE TERMINAL CONNECTION



#### 2.8.- OPTIONS INSTALLATION

#### **COMMUNICATION CAPABILITIES**

- 1. BMS MODBUS\_RS485 connection.
- 2. BMS LONWORKS\_Echelon connection.
- 3. BMS BACnet connection.



## 3.- COMMISSIONING AND OPERATION

## 3.1.- PRELIMINARY CHECKS BEFORE STARTUP

- Check that the **power supply** is the same as stated on the Rating Plate which is in agreement with the electrical diagram for the unit and that cable sizes are correct.

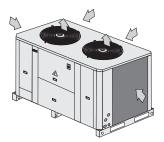
- Check that tightness of the electrical connections to their terminals and to ground.

- Check the control panel connections.

(If the connection is incorrect, the unit will not operate and the control panel display will not light).

- Check with your hand that the fans are turning freely.

FIGURE FOR THE STANDARD UNIT CONFIGURATION FOR MODELS: 045D-055D-070D-085D



# CHECK COMPRESSOR OIL LEVEL

- Part of the compressor oil is pumped to the system when the compressor starts, so for split systems part of the oil can be placed in the system: piping lines, traps, evaporator, etc.
- The quantity of oil in the system depends on the refrigerant charge. The compressor cannot work with incorrect or excessive refrigerant.
- It may be necessary to add oil to the system, depending on the piping length.
- See below an example of calculation of the oil quantity to be added to the system.

## EXAMPLE:

ASH 030S + CIH 030S with 65m. (With remote option).

- Refrigerant charge = 6.33kg. (TABLE 3.1, p. 21).
- Refrigerant charge to add with  $65m = 182g/m \times 65 = 11.83kg$ . (TABLE 2, p. 20).
- Total refrigerant charge = 6.33 + 11.83 = 18.16kg.
- Oil compressor charge (I) = 3.25.
- Oil compressor charge (kg) = 2.925 (density = 0.9).
- Permissible quantity in the system  $(kg) = 0.03 (= 2.925 \times 0.01)$ .
- Permissible refrigerant charge (kg) = 6 (= 0.03/ 0.005).
- Excess refrigerant charge = 18.16 6 = 12.16

60.8g (= 12.16 x 5g) quantity of oil to be added to the system.

0.55l of oil to be added to the system.

In the event of having to add oil, remember the type of oil is synthetic POE.

The original oil charge, including the compressor, is ICI Emkarate RL32-3MAF. This type of oil must also be used when replacing the oil completely.

If only topping up, RL32-3MAF or Mobil EAC Artic 22C can be used.

## **3.- COMMISSIONING AND OPERATION**

#### **3.2.- PRELIMINARY CHECKS AT STARTUP**

To start the unit, follow the instructions given in the User Manual for the control supplied with the unit

(requiring operation in any of the modes, cooling, heating, or automatic).

After a time delay, the unit will start.

With the unit operating, check that the fans are turning freely and in the correct direction.

#### CHECK THAT THE COMPRESSOR IS ROTATING IN THE CORRECT DIRECTION.

- If you have the option phase rotation indicator, use it to check the correct rotation.
- If you do not have three phase return lock, check the correct direction of rotation. The suction pressure decreases and the discharge pressure increases when the compressor is started.
- If the connection is incorrect, rotation will be reversed, causing a high noise level and a reduction in the amount of current consumed. If this occurs, the compressor's internal protection system will operate to shut down the unit. The solution is to disconnect, reverse two of the phases and connect again.

ASTP Protection is included with the unit compressors. See "Fault diagnosis" for more information.

#### WITH OPERATING UNIT, CHECK:

- Low pressure and high pressure.

- Use the evaporating and liquid temperature to calculate superheat and subcooling.
- Adjust the refrigerant charge and/or expansion valve according to the preceding values.

#### COMPRESSOR OIL LEVEL

The oil level must always be checked. When the compressor is at rest, the level should be between 1/4 and 3/4

in the sight glass, while when running the level should be between 3/4 and full.

In the event of having to add oil, remember the type of oil is synthetic POE.

The original oil charge in the compressor is ICI Emkarate RL32-3MAF. This type of oil must also be used when replacing the oil completely.

When only topping up, RL32-3MAF or Mobil EAC Artic 22C can be used.



The unit must be installed in accordance with local safety codes and regulations and can only be used in a well ventilated area. Please readcarefully the manufacturer's instructions before starting this unit

#### All work on the unit must be carried out by a qualified and authorised employee.

Non-compliance with the following instructions may result in injury or serious accidents.

#### Work on the unit:

The unit shall be isolated from the electrical supply by disconnection and locking using the main isolating switch. Workers shall wear the appropriate personal protective equipment (helmet, gloves, glasses, etc.).

#### Electrical system:

Electrical connections can become loose during transport. Please check them before starting-up the unit Compressors with specific rotation direction. Check the correct rotation direction of the fan before closing the compressor circuit breakers. If the direction is incorrect, the phases must be reversed at the head of the main switch. Work on electric components shall be performed with the power off (see Only the coolant shown on the manufacturer's nameplate shall be used, to the below) by employees having valid electrical qualification and authorisation.

#### Refrigerating circuit(s):

After more than 12 hours of power cut, the cranckcase heater (compressor) should be powered for 5 hours before any return to service. Non-compliance with this CAUTION: instruction can cause deterioration of the compressors.

Monitoring of the pressures, draining and filling of the system under pressure shall circuits can cause an explosion be carried out using connections provided for this purpose and suitable equip- and spray coolant gas and oil. ment

To prevent the risk of explosion due to spraying of coolant and oil, the relevant circuit shall be drained and at zero pressure before any disassembly or unbrazing of the refrigerating parts takes place.

There is a residual risk of pressure build-up by degassing the oil or by heating the exchangers after the circuit has been drained. Zero pressure shall be maintained by venting the drain connection to the atmosphere on the low pressure side

The brazing shall be carried out by a qualified brazier. The brazing shall comply according to code ASME section IX following the procedures specific. Before starting up

-Test the circuit to the maximum working pressure(see the nameplate) -Verifify the operation of the high pressure swich.

-Check the piping and the components of the refrigerant circuit.

#### **Replacing components:**

In order to maintain CE marking compliance, replacement of components shall be carried out

using spare parts, or using parts approved by Lennox.

exclusion of all other

products (mix of coolants, hydrocarbons, etc.).

In the event of fire, refrigerating



## 4.- MAINTENANCE

#### **4.1.- PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE**



#### PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE PREVENTS COSTLY REPAIRS. THIS REQUIRES PERIODIC INSPECTIONS:

#### - GENERAL STATE OF THE CASING:

Furniture, paint, damage due to shocks, rust spots, levelling and supporting, condition of the shock absorbers, if installed, screwed panels, etc.

#### - ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS:

- State of hoses, tightness of screws, earthing, current consumption of the compressor and fans and check that the unit is receiving the correct voltage. COOLING CIRCUIT:
- Check that the pressures are correct and that there are no leaks. Check that there is no damage to the pipe insulation, that the condition of the coils is good and that they are not blocked by bits of paper or plastic drawn in by the air flow, etc.

#### - COMPRESSOR:

If a sight glass is fitted, check the oil level.

- Check the condition of the silentbloc mountings.
- FANS:
- Check that fans turn freely and in the correct direction without excessive noise.
- CONTROL:

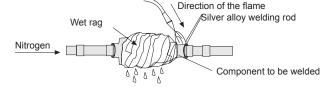
Check Set Points and normal operation.

#### **4.2.- CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE**

IMPORTANT MAKE SURE THAT THE UNIT IS FULLY DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SUPPLY WHEN CARRYING OUT ANY TYPE OF WORK ON THE MACHINE.

If any component in the cooling circuit is to be replaced, follow these recommendations:

- Always use original replacement parts.
- If the component can be isolated, it is not necessary to remove the entire refrigerant charge, if the component cannot be isolating and the refrigerant charge is removed, it should be removed through the Schrader valves located in the outdoor section. Create a slight vacuum as a safety measure.
- Regulation prohibits the release of refrigerant into the atmosphere.
- If cuts must be made in the pipe work, use pipe cutters. Do not use saws or any other tools that produce filings.
- All brazing must be carried out in a nitrogen atmosphere to prevent corrosion forming.
- Use silver alloy brazing rod.
- Take special care that the flame from the torch is directed away from the component to be welded and cover with a wet rag to prevent overheating.



- Take very special care if 4-way or check valves are to be replaced since these have internal components that are very heat-sensitive such as plastic, teflon, etc.
- If a compressor is to be replaced, disconnect it electrically and un-braze the suction and discharge lines. Remove the securing screws and
- replace the old compressor with the new one. Check that the new compressor has the correct oil charge, screw it to the base and connect the lines and electrical connections.
- Evacuate above and below through the Schrader valves of the outdoor unit until -750 mm Hg is reached. Once this level of vacuum has been reached, keep the pump running for at least one hour.

DO NOT USE THE COMPRESSOR AS A VACUUM PUMP.

- Charge the unit with refrigerant according to the data on the Rating Plate for the unit and check that there are no leaks.

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN WHEN USING OF R-410A Refrigerant:

- R-410A refrigerant is used in the unit; the following standard precautions for this gas should therefore be taken:
- The Vacuum Pump must have a Check Valve or Solenoid Valve fitted.
- Pressure Gauges and Hoses for exclusive use with R-410A Refrigerant should be used.
- Charging should be carried out in the Liquid Phase.
- Always use scales to weigh-in charge
- Use the Leak Detector exclusive for R-410A Refrigerant.
- Do not use mineral oil, only synthetic oil to ream, expand or make connections.
- Keep pipes wrapped before using them and be very thorough about any possible dirt (dust, filings, burrs, etc.).
- When there is a leak, collect what remains of the charge, create a vacuum in the unit and completely recharge with new R-410A Refrigerant.
- Brazing should always be carried out in a nitrogen atmosphere.
- Reamers should always be well sharpened.

## 4.- MAINTENANCE

## 4.3.- FAULT DIAGNOSIS

In case of failure or malfunction of the unit, the display on the control panel will show an error or alarm warning which is explained in the control panel manual. Nevertheless, whenever there is a unit fault, the unit should be shut down and our service technicians consulted.

FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSES	POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS			
	Fault in the power supply or insufficient voltage.	Connect the power supply or check the voltage.			
UNIT DOES NOT START	Circuit breakers have opened.	Reset.			
	Power cable or control panel cable is defective.	Inspect and correct.			
	High pressure switch is defective.	Check cut-off pressure switch or replace pressure switch if necessary.			
UNIT STOPS DUE TO HIGH	Outdoor fan is not working.	Check for voltage, inspect the motor and turbine or replace if necessary			
PRESSURE DURING THE	Outdoor fan turns in the wrong direction.	Reverse the power phases.			
COOLING CYCLE	Outdoor coil is dirty or clogged for passing air.	Inspect and clean.			
	Excess refrigerant charge.	Remove the charge and charge according to the data on the rating plate.			
UNIT STOPS DUE TO HIGH PRESSU- RE DURING THE HEATING CYCLE	The same causes and solutions as the cold cycle but with reference to the coils and indoor fan.				
	Low pressure switch defective.	Check the cut-off pressure with a pressure gauge and replace the pressure switch if necessary.			
	Indoor fan is not working.	Check for voltage and inspect the motor, turbine and replace if necessary.			
UNIT STOPS DUE TO LOW	Indoor fan turns in the wrong direction.	Reverse the power phases.			
PRESSURE	Lack of refrigerant. Leak.	Correct leak, create vacuum and charge.			
	Dirty air filter.	Inspect and clean			
	Clogged cooling circuit. Dirty filter drier.	Inspect and correct or change the filter drier.			
	Compressor overcharged.	Inspect suction and discharge pressure values and correct.			
UNIT STARTS AND STOPS IN SHORT CYCLES	Compressor cuts off due to Klixon.	Check input voltage and voltage drop.			
	Lack of refrigerant.	Correct leak and replace.			
LOAD AND ABNORMAL NOISE IN THE COMPRESSOR (SCROLL)	Power supply phases inverted. (three-phase compressor).	Check and reverse power phases.			

## 4.3.1.- SAFETY DEVICES

## **ASTP COMPRESSOR PROTECTION:**

This device protects the compressor against high discharge temperatures. When the temperature reaches critical values, ASTP protection causes the "Scrolls" to separate. The compressor stops pumping <u>but the motor continues to run</u>.



- Occasionally, when the compressor stops and starts, there is a metallic noise due to the compressor scrolls. This is normal.

- Connect high and low pressure gauges and check that the operating pressures are normal.
- Measure electrical consumption for the unit and check that it is close to that indicated on the specification plate.
- Check the electrical consumption of the compressor and the fans against that specified in the physical data sheets.
- In the case of a Heat Pump unit, make a cycle change on the Control Panel, checking that the 4-way valve makes the change correctly. Check the pressures in the new cycle.
- Split and Multi-split: Low pressure switch and high pressure switch are reset automatically and if it operates 3 times in one hour, they change to manual reset, through the control unit.

- With C50 control: Low pressure switch and high pressure switch are reset automatically and if it operates 3 times in one day, they change to manual reset, through the control unit.

NATES	
NOTES	



## www.lennoxeurope.com

BELGIUM, LUXEMBOURG www.lennoxbelgium.com

CZECH REPUBLIC www.lennox.cz

FRANCE www.lennoxfrance.com

GERMANY www.lennoxdeutschland.com

GREAT BRITAIN www.lennoxuk.com

NETHERLANDS www.lennoxnederland.com

POLAND www.lennoxpolska.com **PORTUGAL** www.lennoxportugal.com

RUSSIA www.lennoxrussia.com

SLOVAKIA www.lennoxdistribution.com

**SPAIN** www.lennoxspain.com

UKRAINE www.lennoxrussia.com

OTHER COUNTRIES www.lennoxdistribution.com Due to Lennox's ongoing commitment to quality, the Specifications, Ratings and Dimensions are subject to change without notice and without incurring liability.

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage or personal injury.

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer and servicing agency.

()

MIL122E-0613 06-2013 Original manual translation